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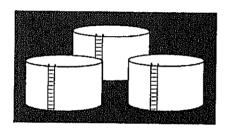
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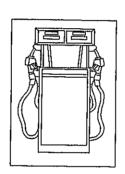
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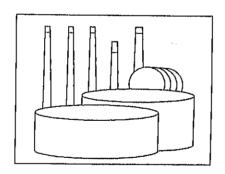
U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, October 1993 (See Page 2)

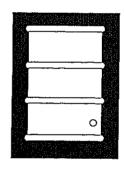
U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, 4 Weeks Ending 12/24/93 (See Page 40)



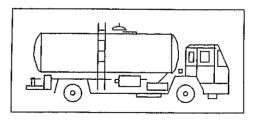














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Preface

The Weekly Petroleum Status Report (WPSR) provides timely information on the petroleum supply situation in the context of historic information, selected prices, and forecasts. The WPSR is intended to provide up-to-date information to the industry, the press, planner policymakers, consumers, analysts, and State and local governments. It is published each Thursday by the Energy Informatic Administration (EIA) and excerpts of the data are available electronically after 5 p.m. Wednesday. The data contained in this report at based on company submissions for the week ending 7 a.m. the preceding Friday. For some weeks which include holidays, publicatio of the WPSR is delayed by 1 day. The WPSR is not published during 1 of the last 2 weeks of the year depending upon which day of the week Christmas occurs. The following week's issue includes data for both weeks.

General information about this document may be obtained from Charles C. Heath (202) 586-6860, Director of the Petroleum Supply Division, Office of Oil and Gas, Energy Information Administration; or Morris H. Rice (202) 586-4634, Chief of the Statistica Analysis Branch.

Specific information about the data in this report may be obtained from Larry J. Alverson (202) 586-9664 or Diana House (202) 586-9667.

Specific questions concerning the Petroleum Export Modeling System (PEMS) may be directed to Carol L. French (202) 586-9888 or Betty Barlow (202) 586-8746.

Specific questions about the data in Appendix B, EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report", may be directed to Stephen Patterson (202) 586-5994.

Contents

Highl	ights	1
Source	es	
Apper	ndix A:	
Exp	planatory Notes	29
	ndix B:	
Ox	ygenate Summary	33
Ex	planatory Notes	37
Glossa	ту	41
Energ	y Information Administration Electronic Publication Systems (EPUB) User Instructions	43
Tables	5	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
S1.	U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, October, 1993	
1.	U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, 4 Weeks Ending 12/31/93	
2.	U.S. Petroleum Activity, 1992 to Present	4
3.	Stocks of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, U.S. Totals, 1992 to Present	
4.		
5.	Stocks of Distillate Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD), 1992 to Present	10
6.	Stocks of Residual Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD), 1992 to Present	12
7	. U.S. Imports of Petroleum Products by Product, 1992 to Present	14
8.	. U.S. Imports of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, 1992 to Present	
9.	. U.S. Petroleum Products Supplied, 1992 to Present	16
10.	. U.S. Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil, 1990 to Present	
11.	. U.S. Average Retail Selling Prices of Motor Gasoline and Residential Heating Oil, 1990 to Present	17
12.	World Crude Oil Prices	18
13.	Spot Market Product Prices, Rotterdam and New York	20
14.	U.S. and PADD Weekly Estimates, Most Recent 5 Weeks	22
15.	Weather Summary, Selected U.S. Cities	26
16.	U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, Week Ending 12/31/93	27
17.	U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, 4 Weeks Ending 12/24/93	40
Figure	us	
	U.S. Petroleum Activity, July 1992 to Present	5
2.	Stocks of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, U.S. Totals, July 1992 to Present	7
3.	Stocks of Motor Gasoline by Petroleum Administration for Defense District, July 1992 to Present	9
4.	Stocks of Distillate Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District, July 1992 to Present	11
5.	Stocks of Residual Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District, July 1992 to Present	13
6.	U.S. Imports of Petroleum Products by Product, July 1992 to Present	14
7,	U.S. Imports of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, July 1992 to Present	15
8.	U.S. Petroleum Products Supplied, July 1992 to Present	16
9.	World Crude Oil Price	19
10.		

Highlights

Refinery Activity (Million Barrels per Day)

Refinery Activity (Willion	Fol	ur Weeks End	ding
	12/31/93	12/24/93	12/31/92
Crude Oil Input to Refinerles	7.6	13.7 91.5 7.7 3.4	13.2 87.5 7.4 3.2
See Table 2.			

Refinery utilization for the 4 weeks ending December 31, 1993, was 5 percent higher than the same period last year. This weeks' operating capacity utilization rate was 93.5 percent. Crude oil inputs remained the same for the four weeks ending December 31, 1993, and both motor gasoline and distillate fuel oil production were higher this year than last.

Stocks (Million Barrels)

Stocks (Willion Barre		Week Ending	
	12/31/93	12/24/93	12/31/92
Crude Oil (Excluding SPR)		348.4	318.4
Motor Gasoline	225.0	224.7	216.2
Motor Gasoline Distillate Fuel Oil	144.7	142.5	140.8
Distillate Fuel Oll	372,8	375.7	343.3
All Other Oils	587.0	586.9	574.7
Crude Oil in SER	tal 1,671.3	1,678.2	1,593.4
1			

Crude oil stocks decreased 6.6 MMB but were 23.4 MMB higher than a year ago at this time. Distillate fuel oil stocks remain above the upper bound of their average range. Low-sulfur stocks represented 43 percent of the distillate inventory. Motor gasoline stocks increased 0.3 MMB during the week, and were 4 percent higher than a year ago. The current level, which excludes oxygenate stocks of MTBE and fuel ethanol, is within the seasonally-adjusted average range for this time of year. At the end of November, stocks of MTBE were about 11.5 MMB and stocks of fuel ethanol were about 2.3 MMB.

See Table 3.

Net Imports (Million Barrels per Day)

Net Imports (Million Barry	Fot	ır Weeks En	ding
	12/31/93	12/24/93	12/31/92
Crude Oil	6.5	6.7	5.8
Petroleum Products	., 0,8	1.0	0.8
Total*	7.3	7.7	6.6
See Table 1.			

Net imports of crude oil during the 4 weeks ending December 31, 1993, were 11 percent above those for the same period last year, and petroleum products were 6 percent above last year.

Products Supplied (Million Barrels per Day)

Todavio oupput	Foi	ır Weeks En	ding
	12/31/93	12/24/93	12/31/92
Motor Gasoline	3.4	7.7 3.4 6.7	7.4 3.3 7.2
Total*	17.8	17.7	17.9
See Table 9.			

Distillate fuel oil product supplied for the 4 weeks December 31, 1993, was 3 percent above last year's level products supplied was slightly below last year's level. gasoline product supplied was 4 percent above last year's When the 1992 data are adjusted for fuel ethanol and n gasoline blending components, the 1993 data are 2 percent above last year's level.

Prices (Dollars per Barrel)

Tious (Estate per service)		Week Ending	
	12/31/93	12/24/93	01/01/93
World Prices World Crude OilSpot Market Product Prices	. 12,44	12.63	16.86
Rollerdam Market 91 RON Unleaded Gasoline, Gas Oll		15.59 19.30	21.57 23.46
Residual Fuel Oil		10.81	12.91
87 Octane Unleaded Gasoline	. 16.38	15.96	22.65
No. 2 Heating Oil	20.45	20,34	25,26
Residual Fuel Oil		11,85	15.00
1.			

During the week ending December 31, 1993, the world crude oil price fell 19 cents per barrel from the previous week. On the New York market, spot prices for 87 octane unleaded gasoline rose 42 cents per barrel, and the spot price of No. 2 heating oil rose 11 cents per barrel. The New York distillate fuel oil price per barrel was \$1.55 higher than the price in Rotterdam.

Source: Bloomberg Oil Buyers' Guide, published by Bloomberg Petroleum Publications (Copyright 1993)

See Tables 12 and 13.

The U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet for the 4 weeks ending December 24, 1993, can be found on page 40.

^{*}Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Table 64, 11 C. Detroleum Balance Sheet, October 1993

(Thouse	S1. U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, October 1993 um Supply and Barrels per Day)	October 1993	Cumulative January-Oclober 1993
	Oil Supply		
	omestic Production ¹	6,816	6,833
	et Imports (Including SPR) ²	7,119	6,599
		7,181	6,686
	Gross Imports (Excluding SPR)	7,101	18
	SPR Imports	62	105
	Exports	-19	-38
	PR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)		-30 -41
	ther Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	-314	
3) Pr	oduct Supplied and Losses	-12	-10
3) Ur	naccounted-for Crude Oil ³	143	262
10) Cr	rude Oil Input to Refineries	13,733	13,606
ther Su			
	atural Gas Liquids Production	1,827	1,864
	ther Liquids New Supply	204	142
 Cr 	rude Oil Product Supplied	12	10
 4) Pr 	rocessing Gain	734	759
5) No	et Product Imports ⁴	1,139	919
	Gross Product Imports ⁴	1,966	1,795
7)	Product Exports ⁴	827	876
	roduct Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	-420	-227
9) To	otal Product Supplied for Domestic Use	17,230	17,073
roduci	ts Supplied		
	inished Motor Gasoline	7,411	7,460
•	laphtha-Type Jet Fuel	90	121
	erosene-Type Jet Fuel	1,367	1,349
	Istillate Fuel Oil	2,968	2,981
	esidual Fuel Oll	995	1,035
	ther Oils ⁶	4,398	4,127
26) To	otal Products Supplied	17,230	17,073
Fotal Ne	et Imports	8,258	7,518
	m Stocks	October 31,	
	hamalah	1993	
Millon B		1993	
Millon B rude Oi	II (Excluding SPR) ⁸	330.4	
Millon B rude Oi stal Mo	II (Excluding SPR) ⁶ tor Gasoline	330.4 210.1	
lililon B ude Oi tal Mo Re	il (Excluding SPR) ⁶ tor Gasolineeformulated	330.4 210.1 0.0	
lililon B ude Oi tal Mo Re	il (Excluding SPR) ⁶ tor Gasolineeformulated	330.4 210.1	
lililon B ude Oi tal Mo Re Ox	II (Excluding SPR) ⁶ tor Gasoline	330.4 210.1 0.0	
lililon B ude Oi tal Mo Re Ox Ol	il (Excluding SPR) ⁶ Itor Gasoline eformulated xygenated ther Finished	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9	
lililon B ude Oi tal Mo Re Ox OI Ble	il (Excluding SPR) ⁶ Itor Gasoline eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending Components	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0	
lililon B ude Oi tal Mo Re Ox OI Ble phtha	il (Excluding SPR) ⁶ Itor Gasoline eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending ComponentsType Jet Fuel	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0 36.3 3.1	
lililon B ude Oi tal Mo Ox Oi Oi Bla nhtha	il (Excluding SPR) ⁶ Itor Gasoline eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending Components -Type Jet Fuel	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0 36.3 3.1 37.1	
lililon B ude Oi tal Mo Ox Ot Bla onhtha one te	il (Excluding SPR) ⁸ Itor Gasofine eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending Components -Type Jet Fuel Fuel Oil	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0 36.3 3.1 37.1	
lililon B ude Oi tal Mo Re Ox OI Bla nne te O.0	il (Excluding SPR) ⁸ Itor Gasoline eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending Components -Type Jet Fuel e-Type Jet Fuel Fuel Oil	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0 36.3 3.1 37.1 144.8 55.1	
Millon B ude Oi otal Mo Re Ox OI Ble nathdra te O.0	il (Excluding SPR) ⁸ Itor Gasofine eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending Components -Type Jet Fuel e-Type Jet Fuel Fuel Oil 05% Sulfur and under	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0 36.3 3.1 37.1 144.8 55.1 89.8	
Millon B rude Oi otal Mo Oi Oi Bla onhiha one le O.0	il (Excluding SPR) ⁸ Itor Gasofine eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending Components -Type Jet Fuel e-Type Jet Fuel Fuel Oil 05% Sulfur and under	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0 36.3 3.1 37.1 144.8 55.1 89.8 46.7	
Millon Brude Oi otal Mo Re Ox Ol Ble anhiha- ane te O.0	il (Excluding SPR) ⁸ Itor Gasoline eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending Components -Type Jet Fuel 8-Type Jet Fuel 5-Type Jet Fuel Fuel Oil 05% Sulfur and under eater than 0.05% Sulfur	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0 36.3 3.1 37.1 144.8 55.1 89.8 46.7 102.0	
Millon Brude Oi otal Mo Ox OI Blo Phiha- Phie Ie O.0	il (Excluding SPR) ⁸ Itor Gasofine eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending Components -Type Jet Fuel e-Type Jet Fuel Fuel Oil 05% Sulfur and under	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0 36.3 3.1 37.1 144.8 55.1 89.8 46.7	
Millon Brude Oi otal Mo Ox OI Blo Phiha- Phie Ie O.0	il (Excluding SPR) ⁸ Itor Gasoline eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending Components -Type Jet Fuel 8-Type Jet Fuel 5-Type Jet Fuel Fuel Oil 05% Sulfur and under eater than 0.05% Sulfur	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0 36.3 3.1 37.1 144.8 55.1 89.8 46.7 102.0 224.0	
Millon Brude Oi otal Mo Ox OI Blo Phiha- Phie Ie O.0	il (Excluding SPR) ⁸ Itor Gasoline eformulated xygenated ther Finished ending Components -Type Jet Fuel e-Type Jet Fuel 5-Type Jet Fuel Fuel Oil 05% Sulfur and under realer than 0.05% Sulfur	330.4 210.1 0.0 29.9 144.0 36.3 3.1 37.1 144.8 55.1 89.8 46.7 102.0 224.0	

Includes lease condensate.

Net Imports = Gross Imports (line 3) + Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) Imports (line 4) - Exports (line 5),

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil is a balancing item. See Glossary for further explanation.

Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids.

Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gases (LRGs), other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuels, and distillate and residual fuel oils.

Includes domestic and Customs-cleared foreign crude oil in transit to refineries.

Included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids and LRGs, other hydrocarbons and alcohol, aviation gasoline included are stocks of all other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, waxes, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

Note: Due to Independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total.

Source: EIA. Petroleum Supply Monthiv. December 1993. Source: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, December 1993.

U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, 4 Weeks Ending 12/31/93

Table 1. U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, 4 Weeks E	Four Wee	k Averages ding	Percent		ulative verages Days	Percent
Petroleum Supply (Thousand Barrels per Day)	12/31/93	12/31/92	Change	1993	1992	Change
Crude Oil Supply	E _{6,883}	7,103	-3.1	^E 6,842	7,171	-4.6
Crude Oil Supply (1) Domestic Production 1	6,475	5,830	11.1	6,599	5,995	10.1
	6,592	5,937	11.0	6,691	6,074	10.2
	. 0	0,007		15	10	
	E117	107	9.3	E107	89	20.2
(4) SPR Imports	-8	-22	**	-34	-17	
(6) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	-73	234		-52	17	
(7) Other Stocks William (1) of the Color	E-11	-12	*=	E-10	-13	
(9) Product Supplied and Losses	393	61		275	259	
(10) Crude Oil Input to Refineries	13,660	13,194	3.5	13,620	13,412	1.6
Other Supply	=			E		
And National Gas Lighting Production accommensurements	^៩ 1 ₂ 881	1,744	7.9	E1_870	1,697	10.2
Charlianide New SHIDDIV	E 114	171	-33,3	E131	128	2.3
Courte Oil Product Supplied	#11	12	-8.3	E10	13	-23.1
Processing Gain	E773	832	-7.1	E761	772	-1.4
Net Product Imports*	818	771	6.1	915	944	-3.1
Cross Product Imports	1,571	1,901	-17.4	1 ₂ 770 856	1,805	-1,9 -0,5
Product Eynorts*	² 753	1,130	-33.4	-168	860 64	-0.5
(17) Product Expans (+) or Added (-) ⁵	522	1,204			Ų·i	
(19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use	17,777	17,928	-0.8	17,138	17,030	0,6
Products Supplied	7.004	7 000	0.0	7 470	7 007	2.9
(20) Finished Motor Gasoline ⁶	7,684	7,396	3.9	7,479	7,267 144	-21.5
(21) Naphtha-Type Jet Fuel	79 1,442	143 1,410	-44.8 2.3	113 1,356	1,310	3.5
(22) Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel	1,442 3,431	3,316	2.3 3.5	3,042	2,978	2.1
(23) Distillate Fuel Oil	1,029	1,312	-21.6	1,025	1,094	-6.3
(24) Residual Fuel Oil	4,113	4,351	-5.5	4,123	4,237	-2,7
(25) Other Oils ⁷	17,777	17,928	-0.8	17,138	17,030	0.6
Total Net Imports	7,293	6,601	10.5	7,514	6,939	8.3
Petroleum Stocks	40/04/00	10/01/00	10/01/00	Р	ercent Chan	ge from
(Million Barrels)	12/31/93	12/24/93	12/31/92 318.4		us Week 1.9	Year Ago 7.3
Crude Oil (Excluding SPR) ⁸	341.8 225.0	348.4 224.7	216,2		0.1	4.1
Total Motor Gasoline	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	
Reformulated		29.0	0.0		2,4	
Oxygenated	29.7	157.0	0.0		0.6	
Other Finished	156.0 39.4	38,6	38.7		2,1	1,8
	2.4	2,6	4.4		7.7	-45.5
Naphtha-Type Jet Fuel	39.1	38.1	38.7		2.6	1.0
Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel	144.7	142,5	140.8		1.5	2.8
0.05% Sulfur and under	62.8	61.4	0.0		2,3	
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	81.9	81.1	0.0		1,0	
Residual Fuel Oil	45,3	44.0	42.7		3,0	6.1
Unfinished Oils	90.9	91,9	95.5		1,1	-4.8
Other Oils 9	E _{195.2}	E _{199.2}	161.9		2,0	20.6
Total Stocks (Excluding SPR)	1,084.3	1,091.3	1,018.7	_	0.6	6.4
Crude Oil in SPR	587,0	586.9	574,7		0.0	2.1
Total Stocks (Including SPR)	1,671.3	1,678.2	1,593.4		0.4	4.9

includes lease condensate.

Sources: See page 28.

Includes lease condensate.

Net Imports = Gross Imports (line 3) + Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) Imports (line 4) - Exports (line 5).

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil is a balancing Item. See Glossary for further explanation.
Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids.
Includes an estimate of minor product stock change based on monthly data.
Includes field production of fuel ethanol and an adjustment for motor gasoline blending components in 1993,
Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gases (LRGs), other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor

gasoline, jet fuels, and distiliate and residual fuel oils.

Includes domestic and Customs-cleared foreign crude oil in transit to refineries.
Included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids and LRGs, other hydrocarbons and oxygenates, aviation

gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, waxes, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous olls.

For the current 2 weeks, stocks of these minor products are estimated from monthly data. (See Glossary: Stock change (Refined Products)).

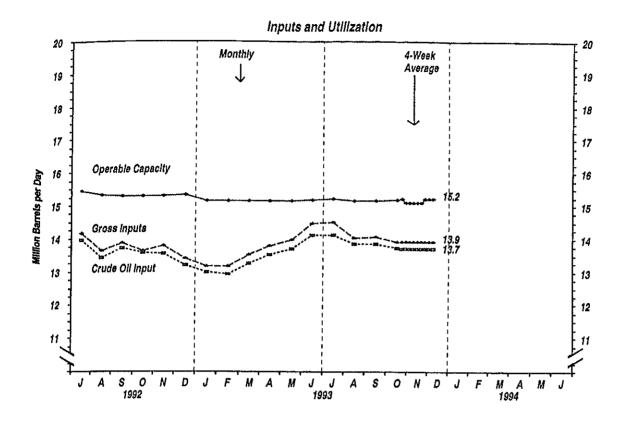
E=Estimate based on data published for the most recent month in the Petroleum Supply Monthly, except for exports and crude oil production. See Appendix for explanation of astimation of a structure of the production of a structure of the petroleum Supply Monthly.

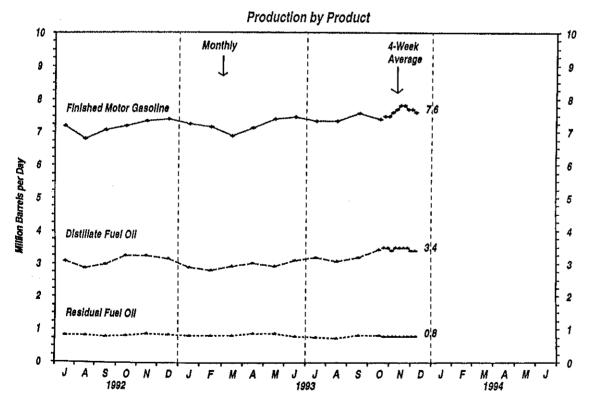
for explanation of estimates of exports and crude oil production.

Note: Due to independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total.

Table 2. U.S. Petroleum Activity,1992 to Present (Million Barrels per Day)

	Inputs and Utilization										
Year/Element	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	1
1992	·····								<u>'</u>		
Crude Oll Input	12,9	12.5	13.1	13,3	13.7	14.1	14.0	13.4	13.7	13.6	1
Gross Inputs	13.1	12.7	13.3	13,4	13.9	14.3	14.2	13.6	13.9	13.7	1
Operable Capacity	15.7	15,7	15,6	15.6	15.5	15.5	15.4	15,3	15.3	15.3	í
Percent Utilization	83.4	81.3	85.1	85.5	89.4	92,4	91.9	89.1	90.7	89.3	9
1993											_
Crude Oli Input	13,0	12.9	19.2	13.5	18.7	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000000040444	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	verrene analysis	
Gross Inputs	13.2	13.2	13,5	13,8	14.0	14.1 14.5	14.1	13.8	13.8	13,7	
Operable Capacity	15,1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.2		14.5	14.0	14.0	13.9	
Percent Utilization	87.0	86.9	89.4	91.0	92.1	15.2 95.2	15,2	15,1	15.1	15.2	
		00,0	00.4	91.0	92.1	95,2	95.3	92.7	92.8	91.6	
Average for Four-Week Perio											
1993 Crude Oll Input	11/05	11/12	11/19	11/26	12/03	12/10	12/17	12/24	12/31		
Gross Inputs	13.7	13.7	13,7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13,7		
Gross Inputs	13.9	13.9	_13.9	_13.9	_13.9	_13.9	13,9	13.9	13.9		
Operable Capacity Percent Utilization ¹	E15.2	⁶ 15.1	E15.1	^{\$} 15.1	E15,1	E15.1	² 15.2	E15.2	E15,2		
- ercent Offization	91.7	91,6	91.8	91.7	91.9	92.0	91.9	91.5	91.5		
				Produc	tion by Pr	oduct					
/ear/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	No
992											
Inished Molor Gasoline	7.0	6.7	6.7	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.2	6,8	7.1		7,
Leaded	0.1	0.1	0,1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0 0.1	0,1	7,2	()
Unleaded	6,9	6.6	6.6	6.8	7,0	7.1	7.1	6.7	7.0	0.1 7.1	0. 7.
et Fuel	1.4	1.3	1,3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1,4	1.
Distillate Fuel Oil	2,8	2.7	2,7	2.9	2,9	3.0	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.
Residual Fuel OII	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.
993									4.0	0.0	٠.
inished Motor Gasoline ²	7.3	7.2	6.9	7.1	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.6	7.4	
Reformulated	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Oxygenated ²	1.7	1.2	0,4	0,3	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.8		
Other Finished ²	5,6	6.0	6.5	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.5	5.7	2,3 5.1	
et Fuel	1,4	1.4	1.5	1,4	1,4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1,3	
Istillate Fuel Oil	2.9	2,8	2,9	3.0	2.9	3,1	3.2	3.1	3.2	3,4	
0.05% Sulfur and under	0.4	0,3	0.3	0,3	0,3	0.3	0.5	1.1	1,4	1,7	
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	1.9	1,8	1.7	
	788	0,8	0.8	0,9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0,8	0.8	





Source: See page 28.

Table 3. Stocks of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, 1 U.S. Totals, 1992 to Present (Million Barrels)

Unfinished Oils 100.5 99.4 97.8 95.5 93.9 94.1 95.0 91.9 90.9 Other Oils 216.6 212.9 210.1 209.5 206.4 202.4 2198.4 2199.2 2195.2 Total (Excl. SPR) 1,083.0 1,087.7 1,079.7 1,085.3 1,096.9 1,097.7 1,091.8 1,091.3 1,084.3 Crude Oil in SPR 586.1 586.2 586.6 586.6 586.8 586.8 586.9 586.9 586.9 587.0	(IVIIIIIVI)	1010)											
1992	Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dac
Total Motor Gasoline 29.3 29.1 220.4 21.7. 219.8 224.8 215.5 201.0 206.3 204.4 213.9 *** Finished Unleaded 18.3 185.9 177.9 179.7 181.8 184.2 176.5 163.0 164.8 163.4 172.7 13.2 *** Finished Components 38.2 39.6 35.6 36.5 34.2 34.3 36.8 98.1 36.5 16.5 16.0 164.8 163.4 172.7 13.2 *** Bilending Components 38.2 39.6 35.6 34.2 34.3 36.8 98.1 36.5 16.5 160.0 167.4 37.3 37.3 19.3 19.3 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5	1992							10.11		······································			
Total Motor Gasceline	Crude Oll ²			338.5	348,0	343.5	325.1	332.6	328.2	322.1	332.7	325.4	318
Finished Unleaded 14,8 46 3,9 3,8 4,0 3,8 3,9 3,5 3,7 3,7 3,9 3,5 3,7 3,9 3,7 3,7 3,9 3,9 3,	Total Motor Gasoline	229,3			217.7	219.8	224.8	215.5	201.0			213.9	
Finished Unleaded		4.8	4.6	3.9			3.8	3.9					
Jef Fuel District Piece Office Components 38.2 39.9 38.6 34.2 34.1 36.8 38.1 34.6 80.0 37.4 37.3 31.9 24.9 49.7 41.7 45.2 44.6 64.4 44.5 44.8 47.4 46.2 40.0 41.0 41.6	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	186.3	185.9	177.9	179.7		184.2						
Jef Fuel					34.2	34.1	36.8	35.1	34.5	38.0	37.4		
Distributed Puel City 126.7 108.8 97.7 92.1 99.4 104.5 114.6 122.8 127.8 136.8 146.5 146.5 146.5 147.5						45.2	44.6		45.4	47.8	47.4		
Hesiotal Fuel UII						98.4						146,3	
Other Oils												46.5	
Content of the Cont	Untinished Oils										104.1	102.3	95.
Crude Ol In SPR	Other Olls*												
Total (Incl. SFR)	Course Oil in CDD						1,033,6	1,050.2	1,050.7	1,064.2	Control of the Contro		1,017
1993 Crude Oll													
Total Motor Gasoline 236.5 331.3 337.1 349.1 352.8 351.7 352.4 335.4 320.7 330.4 70tal Motor Gasoline 236.5 241.6 227.4 222.4 222.6 220.0 213.2 200.5 207.0 210.1 Reformulated 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.		1,010.2	1,007.6	1,570,8	1,583,1	1,602.4	1,603,1	1,619.7	1,620.8	1,635.6	1,640.3	1,635.8	1,592
Total Motor Gasoline 238.6 241.6 227.4 222.4 222.8 220.0 213.2 200.5 207.0 210.1 Reformulated 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.		*****************											
Total Motor Gasoline	111111111111111111111111111111111111111				349.1	352.8	351.7	352,4	335.4	320.7	330,4		
Oxygenated 32.3 23.0 17.5 11.3 10.2 8.8 5.7 8.7 22.2 29.9 Other Flinished 162.9 176.7 169.6 171.6 175.3 174.3 169.9 156.5 147.7 144.0 Blending Components 41.3 41.8 40.4 39.5 37.2 36.8 37.6 35.2 37.2 36.3 Jet Fuel 41.0 42.3 41.4 41.3 42.5 44.8 46.1 43.3 40.9 40.2 Distillate Fuel Oil 130.2 109.4 97.5 98.3 101.6 109.4 120.2 127.9 130.4 144.8 O.05% Sulfur and under 22.1 15.6 12.4 12.8 14.1 17.2 23.2 44.7 46.8 55.1 Grater than 0.5% Sulfur 108.1 93.8 85.1 85.6 87.4 92.2 97.0 83.2 83.5 89.8 Residual Fuel Oil 44.2 42.1 40.7 41.4 43.0 45.5 42.5 42.4 44.7 46.8 55.1 Grater than 0.5% Sulfur 108.1 93.8 85.1 85.6 87.4 92.2 97.0 83.2 83.5 89.8 Residual Fuel Oil 44.2 42.1 40.7 41.4 43.0 45.5 42.5 42.7 44.6 42.4 46.7 Unifinished Oils 99.3 99.7 103.5 101.9 104.4 101.4 101.8 107.6 102.7 102.0 Other Oils 159.1 152.9 158.4 175.1 19.4 120.2 204.5 218.7 230.8 231.5 224.0 Total (Inc. SPR) 1,035.1 1,019.3 1,006.0 1,029.6 1,061.2 1,077.6 1,095.1 1,090.1 1,075.6 1,099.3 Crude Oil In SPR 575.3 575.8 575.8 575.6 581.7 582.1 582.8 583.3 584.1 885.7 586.2 Total (Inc. SPR) 1,811.4 1,595.2 1,583.6 1,611.3 1,643.3 1,660.4 1,678.5 1,674.2 1,661.2 1,684.6 Week Ending: 1993 11/05 13.1 55.2 11/12 11/19 11/28 12/03 12/10 12/17 12/24 12/31 Total (Inc. SPR) 1,811.4 1,595.2 13.3 217.6 222.6 222.1 223.1 224.7 225.0 Reformulated 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.			241.6	227.4			220.0	213.2	200.5	207.0	210.1		
Colter Finished 162.9 176.7 169.6 171.6 175.3 174.3 169.9 156.5 147.7 144.0							0.0		0.0	0,0	0.0		
Blending Components			23.0		11.3								
Total (Park Ending: 1,00	14								156.5	147.7	144.0		
Distillate Fuel Ci 130.2 109.4 97.5 98.3 101.6 109.4 120.2 127.9 130.4 144.8	Biending Components		41.8								36.3		
County C	Jetinuel										40.2		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 108.1 93.8 85.1 85.6 87.4 92.2 97.0 83.2 83.5 89.8	Distillate Fuel Oil			97.5									
Hesidual Fuel Oil	Greater thes A 058/ Sulf-								*****	read in the case investigation and the			
Unfinished Oils 99.3 99.7 103.5 101.9 104.4 101.4 101.8 107.6 102.7 102.0 Other Oils 159.1 152.9 158.4 175.1 194.2 204.5 218.7 230.8 231.5 224.0 Total (Excl. SPR) 1,036.1 1,019.3 1,006.0 1,029.6 1,061.2 1,077.6 1,095.1 1,090.1 1,075.6 1,098.3 Ed. (Excl. SPR) 1,036.1 1,019.3 1,006.0 1,029.6 1,061.2 1,077.6 1,095.1 1,090.1 1,097.5 1,098.3 Ed. (Excl. SPR) 1,611.4 1,595.2 1,583.6 1,611.3 1,643.3 1,660.4 1,678.5 1,674.2 1,661.2 1,684.6 Week Ending: 1993 11/05 11/12 11/19 11/26 12/03 12/10 12/17 12/24 12/31 Grude Oilf 333.5 338.5 333.0 334.4 339.8 346.1 348.5 348.4 341.8 Total Motor Gasoline 208.1 210.8 213.3 217.6 222.6 222.1 223.1 224.7 225.0 Reformulated 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.													
Other Oils							or words and a control of the first of the first						
Total (Excl. SPR) 1,036.1 1,019.3 1,006.0 1,029.6 1,061.2 1,077.6 1,095.1 1,090.1 1,075.6 1,098.3 Crude Oil in SPR 575.3 576.8 577.6 581.7 582.1 582.8 583.3 584.1 585.7 586.2 Total (Incl. SPR) 1,611.4 1,595.2 1,583.6 1,611.3 1,643.3 1,660.4 1,678.5 1,674.2 1,661.2 1,684.6 Week Ending: 1993 11/05 11/12 11/19 11/28 12/03 12/10 12/17 12/24 12/31 Crude Oil 333.5 338.6 333.0 334.4 339.8 346.1 348.5 348.4 341.8 Total Motor Gasoline 208.1 210.8 213.3 217.6 222.6 222.1 223.1 224.7 225.0 Helorimulated 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.													
Crude Oll In SPR 575.3 575.8 577.6 581.7 582.1 582.8 583.3 584.1 585.7 586.2 Total (Incl. SPR) 1,611.4 1,595.2 1,583.6 1,611.3 1,643.3 1,660.4 1,678.5 1,674.2 1,661.2 1,684.6 Week Ending: 1993 11/05 11/12 11/19 11/28 12/03 12/10 12/17 12/24 12/31 Crude Oll 333.5 338.5 333.0 334.4 339.8 346.1 348.5 348.4 341.8 Total Motor Gasoline 208.1 210.8 213.3 217.6 22.6 22.1 223.1 224.7 225.0 Reformulated 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.			1 010 3								render comment in the contraction		
Total (Ind. SPR) 1,611.4 1,595.2 1,583.6 1,611.3 1,643.3 1,660.4 1,678.5 1,674.2 1,661.2 1,684.6 Week Ending: 1993 11/05 11/12 11/19 11/26 12/03 12/10 12/17 12/24 12/31 Crude Oll 333.5 338.5 338.5 333.0 334.4 339.8 346.1 348.5 348.4 341.8 Total Motor Gasoline 208.1 210.8 213.3 217.6 222.6 222.1 223.1 224.7 225.0 Reformulated 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.													
New Ending 1993									* 4 * 6 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
1993	•	.,	,1000;	1,000,0	1,011.0	1,040,0	1,000.4	1,070.0	1,074,2	1,001.2	1,004.0		
Crude Olf 333.5 338.6 339.0 334.4 339.8 346.1 348.5 348.4 341.8 Total Motor Gasoline 208.1 210.8 213.3 217.6 222.6 222.1 223.1 224.7 225.0 Beformulated 0.0 <td></td> <td>44/05</td> <td>4446</td> <td>4.4.44.5</td> <td></td> <td>1 = 1 = =</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		44/05	4446	4.4.44.5		1 = 1 = =							
Total Motor Gasoline 208.1 210.8 213.3 217.6 222.6 222.1 223.1 224.7 225.0 Reformulated 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.						CONTRACTOR PORTOR							
Reformulated													
Oxygenated 27.1 28.2 27.1 27.9 29.7 28.0 29.7 29.0 29.7 Olher Finished 143.6 144.8 146.4 151.3 153.6 164.9 154.9 157.0 156.0 Blending Components 37.4 37.8 39.8 38.4 39.2 39.2 38.5 38.6 39.4 Jet Fuel 41.1 40.2 40.1 40.9 41.7 41.7 41.0 40.7 41.4 Distillate Fuel Oil 137.6 138.4 138.8 141.8 146.2 144.7 140.8 142.5 144.7 O.05% Sulfur and under 52.3 52.8 54.8 57.0 61.5 61.8 61.8 61.8 62.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 85.3 85.6 83.9 84.7 84.7 82.8 79.0 81.1 81.9 Residual Fuel Oil 46.7 47.7 46.6 45.7 46.2 46.5 44.0 45.3 Unfinished Oi				213,3									
Other Finished 143,6 144,8 146,4 151,3 153,6 164,9 164,9 157,0 156,0 Blending Components 37,4 37,8 39,8 38,4 39,2 39,2 38,5 38,6 39,4 Jet.Fuel 41,1 40,2 40,1 40,9 41,7 41,7 41,0 40,7 41,4 Distillate Fuel Oil 137,6 138,4 138,8 141,8 146,2 144,7 140,8 142,5 144,7 0,05% Sulfur and under 52,3 52,8 54,8 57,0 61,5 61,8 61,8 61,4 62,8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 85,3 85,6 83,9 84,7 84,7 82,8 79,0 81,1 81,9 Residual Fuel Oil 46,7 47,7 46,6 46,7 46,2 46,5 44,9 44,0 45,3 Unfinished Oils 100,5 99,4 97,8 95,5 93,9 94,1 95,0 91,9 90,9 Other Oils 215,8 212,9 210,1 209,6 206,4 202,4 198,4 199,2 195,2 Total (Excl. SPR) 1,083,0 1,087,7 1,079,7 1,085,3 1,096,9 1,097,7 1,091,8 1,091,3 1,084,3 Grude Oils SPR 586,5 586,6 586,6 586,6 586,6 586,6 586,9 587,0													
Blending Components 37.4 37.8 39.8 38.4 39.2 39.2 38.5 38.6 39.4 Jet Fuel				47.1				29.7					
Jet Fuel 41.1 40.2 40.1 40.9 41.7 41.7 41.0 40.7 41.4 D/stillate Fuel Oil 137.6 138.4 138.8 141.8 146.2 144.7 140.8 142.5 144.7 0.05% Sulfur and under 52.3 52.8 54.8 57.0 61.5 61.8 61.8 61.4 62.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 85.3 85.6 83.9 84.7 84.7 82.8 79.0 81.1 81.9 Residual Fuel Oil 46.7 47.7 46.6 45.7 46.2 46.5 44.9 44.0 45.3 Unfinished Oils 100.5 99.4 97.8 95.5 93.9 94.1 95.0 91.9 90.9 Other Oils ³ \$215.8 \$212.9 \$210.1 \$209.6 \$206.4 \$202.4 \$198.4 \$199.2 \$195.2 Total (Excl. SPR) 1,083.0 1,087.7 1,079.7 1,085.3 1,096.9 1,097.7 1,091.8 1,091.3													
Distillate Fuel Oil 137.6 138.4 138.8 141.8 146.2 144.7 140.8 142.5 144.7	Jet Fuel	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	40.0	25.0 20.4				38,5					
0,05% Sulfur and under 52.3 52.8 54.8 57.0 61.5 61.8 61.8 61.4 62.8 Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 85.3 85.8 83.9 84.7 84.7 82.8 79.0 81.1 81.9 Residual Füel Oll 46.7 47.7 46.6 45.7 46.2 46.5 44.9 44.0 45.3 Unfinished Oils 100.5 99.4 97.8 95.5 93.9 94.1 95.0 91.9 90.9 Oiher Oils 215.6 212.9 210.1 209.5 206.4 202.4 198.4 199.2 195.2 Total (Excl. SPR) 1,083.0 1,087.7 1,079.7 1,085.3 1,096.9 1,097.7 1,091.8 1,091.3 1,084.3 Grude Oil in SPR 586.1 586.2 586.6 586.6 586.6 586.9 586.9 587.0													
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur 85.3 85.8 83.9 84.7 84.7 82.8 79.0 81.1 81.9 Hesidual Fuel Oll 46.7 47.7 46.6 45.7 46.2 46.5 44.9 44.0 45.3 Unfinished Olls 100.5 99.4 97.8 95.5 93.9 94.1 95.0 91.9 90.9 Olher Olis 215.6 212.9 210.1 209.6 206.4 202.4 198.4 199.2 195.2 Total (Excl. SPR) 1,083.0 1,087.7 1,079.7 1,085.3 1,096.9 1,097.7 1,091.8 1,091.3 1,084.3 Crude Oll in SPR 586.1 586.2 586.6 586.6 586.6 586.8 586.9 586.9 587.0	0,05% Sulfur and under					61.5	41 p						
Hesidual Fuel OII 46.7 47.7 46.6 46.7 46.2 46.5 44.9 44.0 45.3 Unfinished Oils 100.5 99.4 97.8 95.5 93.9 94.1 95.0 91.9 90.9 Oiher Oils ³ 215.6 212.9 210.1 209.6 206.4 202.4 198.4 199.2 195.2 Total (Excl. SPR) 1,083.0 1,087.7 1,079.7 1,085.3 1,096.9 1,097.7 1,091.8 1,091.3 1,084.3 Crude Oil in SPR 586.1 586.2 586.6 586.6 586.6 586.6 586.8 586.9 587.0	Greater than 0.05% Sulfu					84.7							
Unfinished Oils 100.5 99.4 97.8 95.5 93.9 94.1 95.0 91.9 90.9 Oiher Oils 215.6 212.9 210.1 209.5 206.4 202.4 198.4 199.2 195.2 Total (Excl. SPR) 1,083.0 1,087.7 1,079.7 1,085.3 1,096.9 1,097.7 1,091.8 1,091.3 1,084.3 Crude Oil in SPR 586.1 586.2 586.6 586.6 586.8 586.9 586.9 587.0	Residual Fuel O(I		47.7		46.7								
Other Olls ³	Unfinished Oils	100.5	99.4	97.8	95.5	93.9							
Total (Excl. SPR) 1,083.0 1,087.7 1,079.7 1,085.3 1,096.9 1,097.7 1,091.8 1,091.3 1,084.3 Crude Oll in SPR 586.1 586.2 586.6 586.8 586.8 586.8 586.9 586.9 587.0	Other Olis ³	² 215.8	E212.9	⁸ 210.1	² 209.5	[#] 206.4	E2024	E Y ŠŘÍŽ	E ₁ gg o	#195°2			
Crude Oil in SPR 586.1 586.2 586.6 586.6 586.8 586.8 586.9 586.9 587.0	Total (Excl. SPR)	1,083.0	1,087.7					1.091.8		1.084.3			
Total (Inc.) CDD\													
	Total (Incl. SPR)	1,669.0											

Source: See page 28.

Product stocks include those domestic and Customs-cleared foreign stocks held at, or in transit to, refineries and bulk terminals, and stocks in pipelines.

Stocks held at natural gas processing plants are included in "Other Oils" and in totals. All stock levels are as of the end of the period.

Crude oil stocks include those domestic and Customs-cleared foreign crude oil stocks held at refineries, in pipelines, in lease tanks, and in transit to refineries not include those held in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve(SPR).

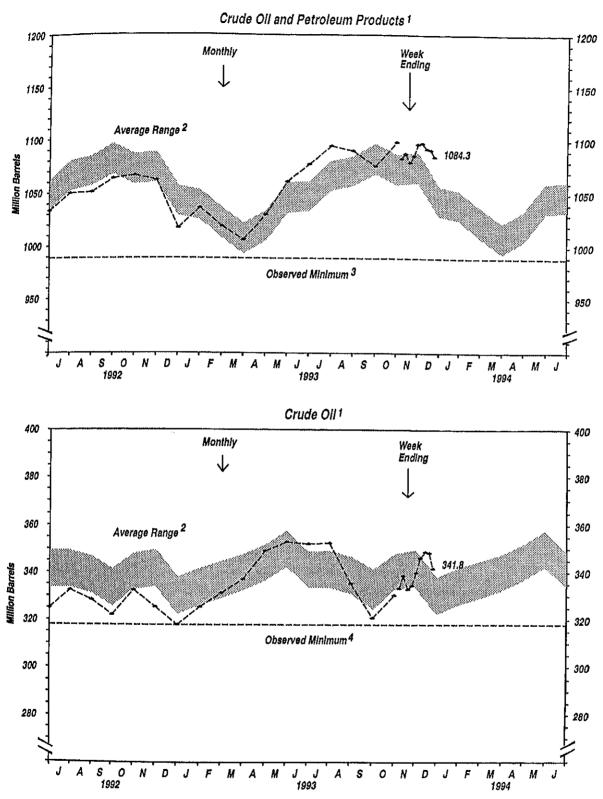
Included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids and LRG's, other hydrocarbons and oxygenates, aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, waxes, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

E=Esilmated. See Glossary for definition of "Stock Change (Refined Products)" for explanation of other oils estimation methodology.

Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Source: See page 28.

Figure 2. Stocks of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, U.S. Totals, July 1992 to Present



Excludes stocks held in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Includes domestic and Customs-cleared foreign products and/or crude oil held at, or in transit to, telineries and bulk terminals, and stocks in pipelines.

Average level and width of average range (the shaded band) are based on 3 years of monthly data. July 1990 - June 1993. The seasonal pattern is based on 7 years of monthly data. See Appendix A for further explanation.

The observed minimum for total stocks in the last 36-month period was 989.1 million barrels, occurring in March 1991. See Appendix for further explanation.

The observed minimum for crude oil stocks in the last 36-month period was 318.1 million barrels, occurring in December 1992,

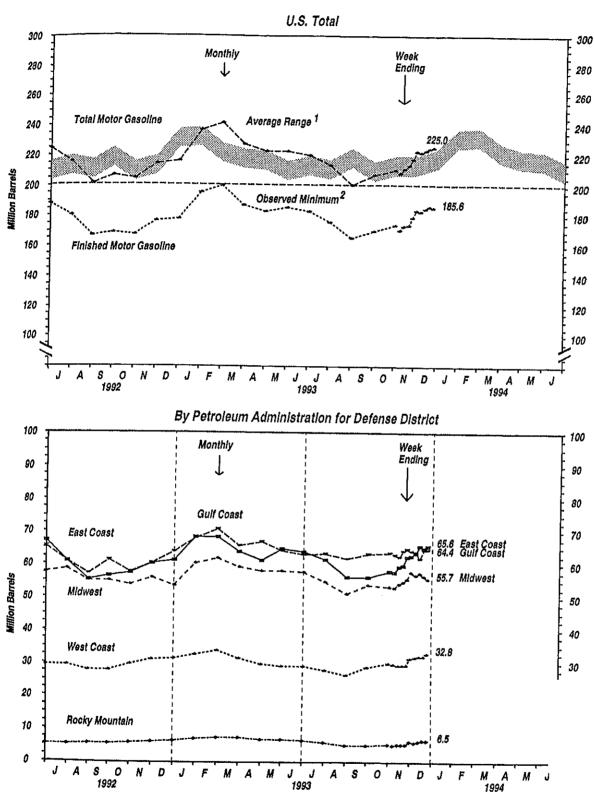
Source: See page 28. See page 28.

Table 4. Stocks of Motor Gasoline by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD), 1992 to Present (Million Barrels)

Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	De
1992	eldhir i Sharar ninarat											
Total Motor Gasoline	229.3	230,1	220,4	217.7	219.8	224.8	215.5	201.0	206.3	204,4	213.9	216.
East Coast (PADD I)	63.1	66.0	64.2	67.4	67.2	67.0	60.9	55.4	56.5	57.4	60.3	61.
New England (PADD IX) Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	6.6 31.9	5.8 37.1	6.0 34.9	5.8	6,2	6.0	4.8	4.2	4.9	4.6	5.2	4,
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	24.7	23,1	23.3	37.0 2 4.6	33.7 27,2	34.4 26.6	30.0 28.1	26.7 24.6	27.7 24.0	28.3 24.5	29.6	30,
Midwest (PADD II)	59.3	59.4	56.8	54.9	55.5	57.8	58.7	55.1	55.2	53.9	25,4 56.0	26.
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	67,5	68.0	65.9	63,4	61.8	65.3	61,1	57.2	61.1	57.8	60.4	53.
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	7.1	6.7	6.9	6.0	5.8	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.9	6.2	63.
West Coast (PADD V)	32,2	30.0	26.6	26.0	29.6	29,4	29.4	27.9	27.9	29,5	31.0	6. 31.:
Finished Motor Gasoline	191.1	190.5	181.9	183.5	185.8	188.1	180.4	166.5	168.3	167.0	176.6	177.
Leaded	4.8	4.6	3.9	3,8	4.0	3.8	3.9	3,5	3.7	3,7	3.9	3.
Unleaded	186.3	185.9	177.9	179.7	181.8	184.2	176.5	163.0	164.6	163,4	172.7	173.
Blending Components	38,2	39,6	38,5	34.2	34.1	36.8	35,1	34.5	38.0	37.4	37.3	38.
1993												
Total Motor Gasoline	236,6	241.6	227,4	222,4	222.6	220.0	213.2	200.5	207.0	210.1		
East Coast (PADD I)	68.4	68.2	63.9	61.3	64.8	64.0	61.5	56.2	56.1	58.1		
New England (PADD IX)	6.0	6.1	5.9	5.5	6.0	5.3	5.1	5,1	4,9	4.2		
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)		37.5	36.0	34.1	33.5	33,4	31.0	29.0	28.7	29.9		
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	26,0	24.7	22.1	21.7	25.3	25.3	25.3	22.1	22,5	24.0		
Midwest (PADD II)	60.4	61.7	59.1	57.9	58.0	57.6	54,8	51.1	53.9	53.4		
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	68.1	70.6	65.6	66,8	64.1	62.9	63,2	61.9	63.4	63.6		
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	7.1	7.3	7.4	6.8	6.9	6.4	5.9	5.1	5.0	5.2		
West Coast (PADD V) Finished Motor Gasoline	32.6	33.7	31.5	29.6	28,9	29.1	27.9	26.3	28,7	29.8		
Reformulated	195.3 0.0	199.8 0.0	187.0 0.0	182.9 0.0	185.4 0.0	183.2	175.7	165,2	169.9	173.8		
Oxygenated	32,3	23.0	17.5	11.3	10.2	0,0 8.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Other Finished	162.9	176.7	169.6	171.6	175.3	174.3	5.7 169.9	8.7 156.5	22.2 147.7	29.9		
Blending Components	41,3	41.8	40.4	39.5	37.2	36.8	37.6	35.2	37.2	144.0 36.3		
Week Ending:							****			00.0		
1993	11/05	11/12	11/19	11/26	12/03	12/10	12/17	12/24	12/31			
Total Motor Gasoline	208.1	210.8	213,3	217.6	222,6	222,1	223.1	224,7	225,0		·	
East Coast (PADD I)	57.7	59.5	59.9	62.5	62.8	63.5	65.7	65.0	65.6			
New England (PADD IX)	4.6	6,3	5,6	5.7	5.5	6,3	6,0	5.4	5.1			
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	30.7	32.1	32.0	32.4	33.2	32.4	35,8	34.8	36.3			
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)		22.1	22.2	24.4	24.1	24.9	23,9	24.8	24,2			
Midwest (PADD II)	53.0	54.1	54.6	55.6	57.7	56.9	57.4	56.4	55.7			
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	62,9	62,5	64.2	64.8	64.3	84.0	61,8	64.6	64.4			
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	5.0	5.3	5.4	5.4	6.3	6.0	6.3	6.6	6.5			
West Coast (PADD V)	29,5	29.2	29.2	29.3	31,5	31.7	32,0	32.1	32.8			
	170.7	173.0	173.5	179.2	183.4	182.9	184.6	186.0	185.6			
Reformulated	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	,0.0	0.0	0.0			
Oxygenated	27.1	28,2	27.1	27.9	29.7	28.0	29.7	29.0	29.7			
Other Finished	143,6	144.8	146.4	151.3	153.6	154.9	154.9	157.0	156.0			
Blending Components	37.4	37.8	39.8	38.4	39.2	39.2	38.5	38.6	39.4			

Note: PADD and sub-PADD data may not add to total due to Independent rounding. Source: See page 28.

Figure 3. Stocks of Motor Gasoline by Petroleum Administration for Defense District, July 1992 to Present



Average level and width of average range (the shaded band) are based on 3 years of monthly data: July 1990 - June 1993. The season is monthly data. See Appendix A for further explanation.

The observed minimum for total motor gasoline stocks in the last 36-month period was 200.5 million barrels, occurring in August 1993.

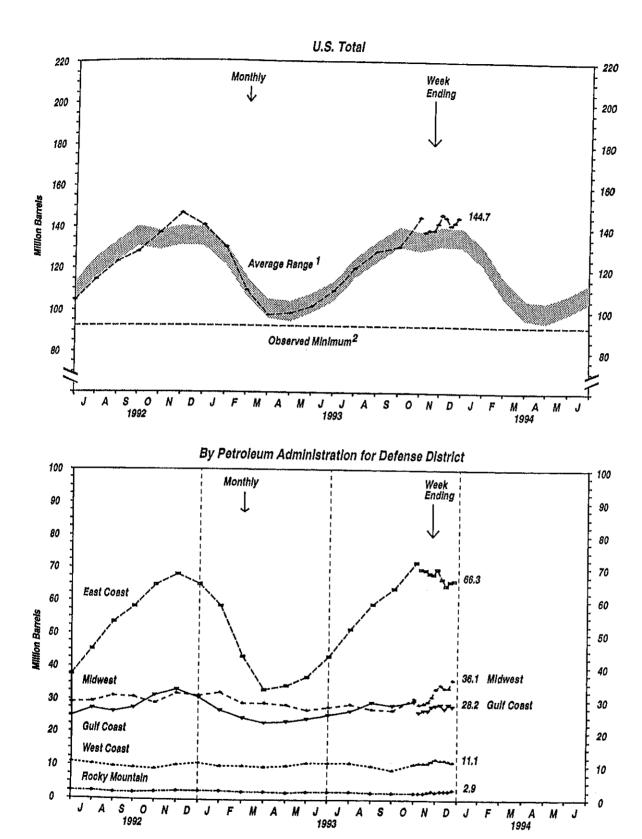
See page 28.

Table 5. Stocks of Distillate Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD), 1992 to Present (Million Barrels)

(MINION DA		F-1.		······································		······································					
Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov
1992 Total U.S.	126.7	108.8	97.7	92.1	96.4	104,5	114.6	122.8			one and a second
East Coast (PADD I)	53,4	43.5	31.0	28.5	30.1	37.5	45.4	53.6	127.8 58.1	136.8 64.8	146.3 68.2
New England (PADD		6.7	4.4	3.3	4.7	6.8	9.5	11.0	11.2	12.1	11,6
Central Atlantic (PAD		25.8	17.0	15.8	14.8	18.0	24.9	30.9	35.7	40.3	42.8
Midwest (PADD II)	31.2	11,0 29.8	9.5 30.1	9,4 27,7	10.6 27.4	12,7 29.0	11.1	11.7	11.3	12,4	13.7
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	28.8	22.5	23,4	24.0	25.6	24.7	29.3 27.1	31.1 26.4	30.8 27.5	29.1 31.5	31.9 33.2
Rocky Mountain (PADD		2.5	2.8	2,3	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.7
West Coast (PADD V)	10.7	10.4	10.4	9.6	11.1	10.8	10.4	9.6	9.5	9.1	10.3
1993 Farance		668 6 4446	68449460 <u>0555555555</u>	SSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS							
Total U.S. 0.05% Sulfur and under	130,2 r 22,1	109,4 15.6	97.5	98,3	101,6	109.4	120.2	127.9	130.4	144.8	
Greater than 0.05% Sull		93.8	12.4 85.1	12.8 85.6	14.1 87.4	17.2 92.2	23.2 97.0	44.7	46.8	55.1	
East Coast (PADD I)	58.6	43.2	33.1	34.5	37.1	43.2	51.5	83.2 59.2	83.5 63.8	89.8 72.0	
0.05% Sulfur and und		7.0	5.0	5.7	6.8	8,7	11.1	18.2	17.8	20,0	
Greater than 0.05% S New England (PADD		36.1 8.0	28.1	28.8	30.3	34.6	40.4	40.9	46.0	51.9	
Central Atlantic (PAD		24.0	5.8 16.9	5,3 19.6	5,5 21,0	7.7 25.0	8.9 31.1	10,5	10.5	13.0	
Lower Atlantic (PADD	⊃ (Z) 13.8	11.1	10.5	9.6	10.6	10.5	11.6	37.5 11.2	41.0 12.3	44.9 14.1	
Midwest (PADD II)	32.1	29.1	29.0	28.3	26.9	27.7	28.7	27.3	27.1	30.6	
0.05% Sulfur and und Greater than 0.05% S	der 3.7 Sulfur 28.5	2.0	1.6	1,7	1.7	2,4	4,1	10.6	12.8	16,0	
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	27.1	27.1 24,6	27.4 23.1	26.7 23.4	25.2 24.1	25.3 25.3	24.6	16.8	14.3	14.6	
0.05% Sulfur and und	der 5.7	3.7	2.8	2.9	2.6	3.5	26.7 4.5	29.3 10.7	28.4 11.2	29.7 12.2	
Greater than 0.05% S		21,0	20.3	20,5	21.6	21.8	22.2	18.6	17.2	17.5	
Rocky Mountain (PADD 0.05% Sulfur and und		2.4	2.4	2.0	2.4	2,3	2,4	2.1	2.2	2.1	
Greater than 0.05% S	Sulfur 2.2	0,4 2.0	0,5 1.9	0.3 1.8	0.4 2.0	0.2	0.4	0.7	1,2	1,3	
West Coast (PADD V)	9,9	10.1	9.9	10.2	11.0	2,1 10,9	2.1 10.9	1.4 10.0	1.0 8.9	0.8 10.5	
0.05% Sulfur and und		2.6	2.5	2.3	2.7	2.5	3.2	4.6	3.9	5.5	
Greater than 0,05% S	Sulfur 7.8	7.6	7.4	7.8	8.4	8.4	7.7	5.5	5.0	5.0	
Veek Ending; 1993	11/05	11/12	4440	44100							
otal U.S.	137.6	138.4	11/19 138,8	11/26 141.8	12/03 146.2	12/10 144.7	12/17	12/24 142.5	12/31		
0.05% Sulfur and under	52.3					44		742 8	144.7		
0.00% outlar and ande!	02.0	52.8	54.8	57.0			140.8				
Greater than 0,05% Sulfi	ur 85.3	52.8 85.6	54.8 83.9	57.0 84.7	61.5 84.7	61.8	61.8	61,4	62.8		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfu East Coast (PADD I)	ur 85.3 69.7	85.6 69.5	83.9 68.6	84.7 68.4	61.5 84.7 69.8	61,8 82,8 66.9	61.8 79.0 64.9	61,4 81.1 65,9	62.8 81.9 66.3		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfi East Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and under	fur 85.3 69.7 ler 18.1	85.6 69.5 16.9	83.9 68.6 17.3	84.7 68.4 17.7	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0	61,8 82,8 66.9 18,1	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7	61,4 81.1 65,9 18,9	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfi East Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and undi Greater than 0.05% Si New England (PADD I	fur 85.3 69.7 For 18.1 Juliur 51.6 IX) 13.7	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8	61.8 82.8 66.9 18.1 48.7	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3	61.4 81.1 65.9 18.9 47.0	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfi East Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and unde Greater than 0.05% Si New England (PADD I Central Atlantic (PADD	fur 85.3 69.7 ler 18.1 sulfur 51.6 IX) 13.7 DIY) 43.0	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9	84.7 68.4 17.7	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0	61.8 62.8 66.9 18.1 48.7 12.6	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3 12.0	61,4 81.1 65,9 18,9 47.0	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfi East Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and undi Greater than 0.05% Si New England (PADD I Central Atlantic (PADD Lower Atlantic (PADD	fur 85.3 69.7 ler 18.1 lulfur 51.6 IX) 13.7 DIY) 43.0 IZ) 13.1	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4 13.6	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7 13.4 41.8 13.2	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8 13.3	61.8 82.8 66.9 18.1 48.7	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3	61.4 81.1 65.9 18.9 47.0	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0 12.0 40.4		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfi East Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and unds Greater than 0.05% Si New England (PADD I Central Atlantic (PADD Lower Atlantic (PADD Midwest (PADD II)	fur 85.3 69.7 ler 18.1 sulfur 51.6 IX) 13.7 D IY) 43.0 IZ) 13.1 28.8	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4 13.6 29.0	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9 13.5 29.7	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7 13.4 41.8 13.2 31.0	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8 13.3 41.8 14.7	61.8 82.8 66.9 18.1 48.7 12.6 40.8 13.5 34.5	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3 12.0 39.0 13.9 33.7	61,4 81 1 65,9 18,9 47,0 11,8 41,3 12,8 33,8	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0 12.0 40.4 14.0 36.1		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfi East Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulffur and undi Greater than 0.05% Si New England (PADD I) Central Atlantic (PADD Lower Atlantic (PADD Midwest (PADD II) 0.05% Sulfur and under	fur 85.3 69.7 ler 18.1 lulfur 51.6 IX) 13.7 D IY) 43.0 IZ) 13.1 28.8 er 15.7	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4 13.6 29.0 15.8	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9 13.5 29.7 16.5	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7 13.4 41.8 13.2 31.0 18.5	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8 13.3 41.8 14.7 33.4 20.5	61.8 82.8 66.9 18.1 48.7 12.6 40.8 13.5 34.5	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3 12.0 39.0 13.9 33.7 20.7	61,4 81,1 65,9 18,9 47,0 11,8 41,3 12,8 33,8 20,8	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0 12.0 40.4 14.0 36.1 23.1		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfi East Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulffur and undi Greater than 0.05% Si New England (PADD I) Central Atlantic (PADD Lower Atlantic (PADD Midwest (PADD II) 0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Su	fur 85.3 69.7 er 18.1 Julfur 51.6 IX) 13.7 D IY) 43.0 IZ) 13.1 28.8 er 15.7 ulfur 13.1	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4 13.6 29.0 15.8 13.2	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9 13.5 29.7 16.5	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7 13.4 41.8 13.2 31.0 18.5 12.6	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8 13.3 41.8 14.7 33.4 20.5	61.8 82.8 66.9 18.1 48.7 12.6 40.8 13.5 34.5 21.1	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3 12.0 39.0 13.9 33.7 20.7 12.9	61,4 81.1 65,9 18,9 47,0 11,8 41,3 12,8 33,8 20,8 13,0	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0 12.0 40.4 14.0 36.1 23.1 13.0		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfi East Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and undi Greater than 0.05% Si New England (PADD II Central Atlantic (PADD Lower Atlantic (PADD Midwest (PADD II) 0.05% Sulfur and unde Greater than 0.05% Si Gulf Coast (PADD III) 0.05% Sulfur and unde	fur 85.3 69.7 ler 18.1 sulfur 51.6 IX) 13.7 D IY) 43.0 IZ) 13.1 28.8 er 15.7 ulfur 13.1 26.3 er 10.6	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4 13.6 29.0 15.8 13.2 27.0 12.4	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9 13.5 29.7 16.5 13.2 27.0 12.6	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7 13.4 41.8 13.2 31.0 18.5 12.6 28.2 12.2	81.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8 19.3 41.8 14.7 33.4 20.5 12.9 28.5 13.6	61.8 82.8 66.9 18.1 48.7 12.6 40.8 13.5 34.5	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3 12.0 39.0 13.9 33.7 20.7 12.9 27.4	61,4 81,1 65,9 18,9 47,0 11,8 41,3 12,8 33,8 20,8 13,0 28,6	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0 12.0 40.4 14.0 36.1 23.1 13.0 28.2		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfi East Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and undi Greater than 0.05% Si New England (PADD II Central Atlantic (PADD Lower Atlantic (PADD Midwest (PADD II) 0.05% Sulfur and unde Greater than 0.05% Si Gulf Coast (PADD III) 0.05% Sulfur and unde Greater than 0.05% Si	fur 85.3 69.7 ler 18.1 sulfur 51.6 IX) 13.7 D IY) 43.0 IZ) 13.1 28.8 er 15.7 ulfur 13.1 26.3 er 10.6 ulfur 15.7	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4 13.6 29.0 15.8 13.2 27.0 12.4 14.5	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9 13.5 29.7 16.5 13.2 27.0 12.6 14.4	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7 13.4 41.8 13.2 31.0 18.5 12.6 28.2 12.2 16.0	81.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8 13.3 41.8 14.7 33.4 20.5 12.9 28.5 13.8 14.9	61.8 82.8 66.9 18.1 48.7 12.6 40.8 13.5 34.5 21.1 13.4 28.8 14.2 14.6	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3 12.0 39.0 13.9 33.7 20.7 12.9 27.4 13.0 14.4	61,4 81.1 65,9 18,9 47,0 11,8 41,3 12,8 33,8 20,8 13,0	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0 12.0 40.4 14.0 36.1 23.1 13.0		
Greater than 0.05% Sulfi East Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and undi Greater than 0.05% Si New England (PADD I Central Atlantic (PADD Lower Atlantic (PADD Midwest (PADD II) 0.05% Sulfur and unde Greater than 0.05% Si Gulf Coast (PADD II) 0.05% Sulfur and unde Greater than 0.05% Si Rocky Mountain (PADD II)	fur 85.3 69.7 ler 18.1 lulfur 51.6 IX) 13.7 D IY) 43.0 IZ) 13.1 28.8 er 15.7 ulfur 13.1 26.3 er 10.6 ulfur 15.7 IV) 2.0	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4 13.6 29.0 15.8 13.2 27.0 12.4 14.5 2.1	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9 13.5 29.7 16.5 13.2 27.0 12.6 14.4 2.5	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7 13.4 41.8 13.2 31.0 18.5 12.6 28.2 12.2 16.0 2.8	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8 13.3 41.8 14.7 33.4 20.5 12.9 28.5 13.6 14.9 2.5	61.8 62.8 66.9 18.1 48.7 12.6 40.8 13.5 34.5 21.1 13.4 28.8 14.6 2.8	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3 12.0 39.0 13.9 33.7 20.7 12.9 27.4 13.0 14.4 2.8	61,4 81,1 65,9 18,9 47,0 11,8 41,3 12,8 33,8 20,8 13,0 28,6 12,9 15,7 2,8	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0 12.0 40.4 14.0 36.1 23.1 13.0 28.2 11.9 16.3 2.9		
Greater than 0.05% Sulficast Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Silfur and Under Central Atlantic (PADD I) Lower Atlantic (PADD II) 0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Silfur and under Greater than 0.05% Silfur and under Greater than 0.05% Silfur and Under Coast (PADD II) 0.05% Sulfur and Under Greater than 0.05% Silfur and	fur 85.3 69.7 ler 18.1 sulfur 51.6 IX) 13.7 D IY) 43.0 IZ) 13.1 28.8 er 15.7 ulfur 13.1 26.3 er 10.6 ulfur 15.7 IV) 2.0	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4 13.6 29.0 15.8 13.2 27.0 12.4 14.5 2.1	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9 13.5 29.7 16.5 13.2 27.0 12.6 14.4 2.5 1.5	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7 13.4 41.8 13.2 31.0 18.5 12.6 28.2 12.2 16.0 2.6 1.5	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8 13.3 41.8 14.7 33.4 20.5 12.9 28.5 13.6 14.9 2.5 1.5	61.8 62.8 66.9 18.1 48.7 12.6 40.8 13.5 34.5 21.1 13.4 28.8 14.6 2.8 1.7	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3 12.0 39.0 13.9 33.7 20.7 12.9 27.4 13.0 14.4 2.8 1.7	61,4 81,1 65,9 18,9 47,0 11,8 41,3 12,8 33,8 20,8 13,0 28,6 12,9 15,7 2,8 1,6	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0 12.0 40.4 14.0 36.1 23.1 13.0 28.2 11.9 16.3 2.9		
Greater than 0.05% Sulficest Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Silfur and Under	fur 85.3 69.7 ler 18.1 lulfur 51.6 lX) 13.7 D IY) 43.0 IZ) 13.1 28.8 er 15.7 ulfur 13.1 26.3 er 10.6 ulfur 15.7 IV) 2.0 er 1.0 ulfur 1.0	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4 13.6 29.0 15.8 13.2 27.0 12.4 14.5 2.1 1.2	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9 13.5 29.7 16.5 13.2 27.0 12.6 14.4 2.5 1.5	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7 13.4 41.8 13.2 91.0 18.5 12.6 28.2 12.2 16.0 2.6 1.5	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8 13.3 41.8 14.7 33.4 20.5 12.9 28.5 13.6 14.9 2.5 1,5	61.8 82.8 66.9 18.1 48.7 12.6 40.8 13.5 34.5 21.1 13.4 28.8 14.2 14.6 2.8 1.7	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3 12.0 39.0 13.9 33.7 20.7 12.9 27.4 13.0 14.4 2.8 1.7	61,4 81,1 65,9 18,9 47,0 11,8 41,3 12,8 33,8 20,8 13,0 28,6 12,9 15,7 2,8 1,6 1,1	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0 12.0 40.4 14.0 36.1 23.1 13.0 26.2 11.9 16.3 2.9 1.7 1.2		
Greater than 0.05% Sulficest Coast (PADD I) 0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Silfur and Under Greater	fur 85.3 69.7 69.7 69.7 69.7 69.7 69.7 69.7 69.7	85.6 69.5 16.9 52.6 13.4 42.4 13.6 29.0 15.8 13.2 27.0 12.4 14.5 2.1	83.9 68.6 17.3 51.3 13.2 41.9 13.5 29.7 16.5 13.2 27.0 12.6 14.4 2.5 1.5	84.7 68.4 17.7 50.7 13.4 41.8 13.2 31.0 18.5 12.6 28.2 12.2 16.0 2.6 1.5	61.5 84.7 69.8 19.0 50.8 13.3 41.8 14.7 33.4 20.5 12.9 28.5 13.6 14.9 2.5 1.5	61.8 62.8 66.9 18.1 48.7 12.6 40.8 13.5 34.5 21.1 13.4 28.8 14.6 2.8 1.7	61.8 79.0 64.9 18.7 46.3 12.0 39.0 13.9 33.7 20.7 12.9 27.4 13.0 14.4 2.8 1.7	61,4 81,1 65,9 18,9 47,0 11,8 41,3 12,8 33,8 20,8 13,0 28,6 12,9 15,7 2,8 1,6	62.8 81.9 66.3 19.4 47.0 12.0 40.4 14.0 36.1 23.1 13.0 28.2 11.9 16.3 2.9		

Note: PADD and sub-PADD data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See page 28.

Figure 4. Stocks of Distillate Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District, July 1992 to Present



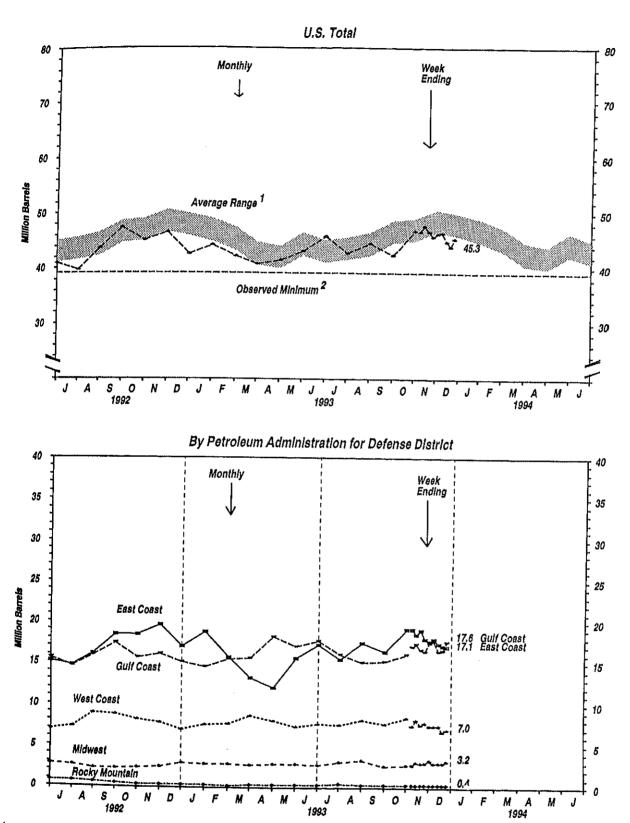
Average level and width of average range (the shaded band) are based on 3 years of monthly data: July 1990 - June 1993. The seasonal pattern is based on 3 fine observed minimum for distillate fuel oil stocks in the last 36-month period was 92.1 million barrels, occurring in April 1992.

Table 6. Stocks of Residual Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (PADD), 1992 to Present (Million Barrels)

Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	(
1992												
Total U.S.	45.4	43,9	41.5	39.1	41.2	40.9	39.7	43.6	47,3	45.0	AD e	6678t
East Coast (PADD I)	18.4	17,1	14.4	14.3	15.1	15.2	14.7	16.1	18.5	18.4	46.5 19.7	4
New England (PADD IX)	1.9	2,0	1.7	1,5	1.4	1,5	1.5	1,5	1.8	2.3	2,5	. 1
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)		12.4	10.1	10.2	10.8	10.7	10.7	11.9	13.6	13.9	14.2	233
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.8	3,0	2,4	2.7	3.0	2,3	3.1	. 1
Midwest (PADD II) Guif Coast (PADD III)	3.4	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.3	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.5	
Booky Mountain (DADD BA	14.4	14.0	14.9	14.0	13.7	15.5	14.8	15,9	17.4	15,7	16.1	34.44 34.44
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	(1)
West Coast (PADD V)	8.7	8.4	7.8	6.8	8.4	6.8	7.3	8,8	8.7	8.2	7.9) Yasi
993								CC - 646 F1 - 44 (000) - 1 (400)	and the second of the second o	occordo or a re gulaçõe	Samuel March	
otal U.S.	44.2	42.1	40.7	41.4	43.0	45.8	42.7	44.8	and the second	8088 <u>202</u> 022		
East Coast (PADD I)	18.9	15.7	13.3	12.1	15.6	17.2	15.4	17.6	42.4	46.7		
New England (PADD IX)	2.4	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.6	1,9	1.7	17.6	16.5	19.2		
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)		11.7	9.5	8.4	11.2	13.1	11.6	12.5	1.4	1.5		
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	2.2	2,3	2.5	2,4	2.8	2.3	2,2	3.1	12,4	15.1		
Mldwest (PADD II)	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.3	2.7	2,6		
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	14.6	15.5	15.6	18.2	17.0	17.8	16.1	3.3 15.1	2.6 15.2	2.7		
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	augusta araban kan mendebebbb	16.1		
West Coast (PADD V)	7.6	7.7	8.8	8.0	7.3	7.6	7.6	8.2	0.4 7.7	0.4		
/eek Ending:			****************	2011.01.01.01.01.00.01.00.00.00.00.00.00.	2014-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00		**************************************	9.6	H	8,4		
993	11/05	11/12	11/19	11/26	12/03	12/10	10/17	40/04	400.			
otal U.S.	46.7	47.7	46.6	45.7	46.2	46.5	12/17 44.9	12/24	12/31		·	
East Coast (PADD I)	19.2	18.6	19.0	18.0	17.6	18.0	and the second of the second o	44.0	45,3			
New England (PADD IX)	1.6	1.8	1,2	1.1	1.2	1.2	17.4	17.2	17.1			
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	14.5	14,1	14.9	14.1	13.5		1.2	1.1	1.1			
Lower Atlantic (PADD (Z)	3,1	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.9	13.5	13.2	13.7	13.4			
Midwest (PADD II)	2.7	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.3	9,3	3,1	2.4	2.6			
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	17.0	17.4	16.7	16.5	17.7	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.2			
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	17.7	16.5	16.6	17.6			
West Coast (PADD V)	7.4	8.2	7.6	7.8	7,4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4			
	en en andre en egnes anderes	100001000000000000000000000000000000000		(.0	/.4	7.4	7.5	6.8	7.0			

Note: PADD and sub-PADD data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See page 28.

Figure 5. Stocks of Residual Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District, July 1992 to Present



Average level and width of average range (the shaded band) are based on 3 years of monthly data: July 1990 - June 1993. The seasonal pattern is based or the observed minimum for residual fuel oil stocks in the last 36-month period was 39.1 million barrels, occurring in April 1992.

Figure 6. U.S. Imports of Petroleum Products by Product, July 1992 to Present

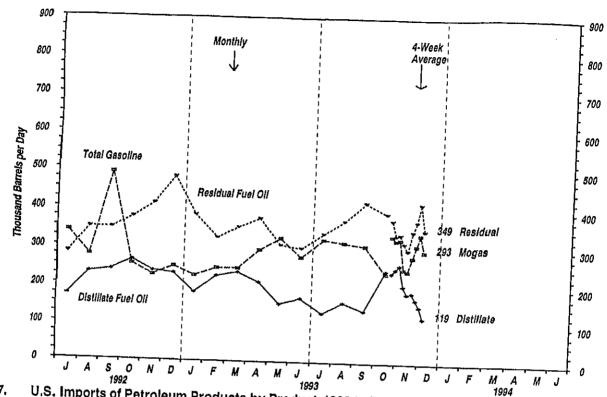


Table 7. U.S. Imports of Petroleum Products by Product, 1992 to Present

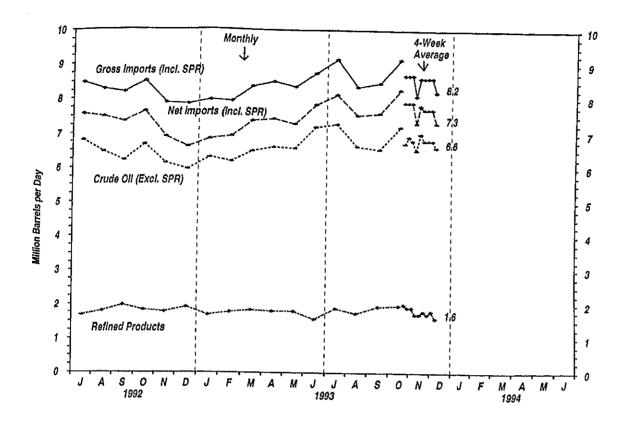
(Thousand	Barrels p	er Day)		y 1 10	4406, 1	332 IU P	resent					
Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	la d	A				
	00000000000000000000000000000000000000				171037	Juli	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total Motor Gasoline Finished Leaded	264	328	289	471	409	441	Section Analysis	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	96000000000000000000000000000000000000	PARAMETER STATE OF THE STATE OF		
Finished Unleaded	0	0	0	0	0	0	338	276	491	252	225	247
Blending Components	246	275	247	428	392	424	0 303	0	0		0	0
Jet Fuel	18 39	53	42	44	18	17	35	240 37	418	193	170	202
Distillate Fuel Oil	227	56	56	74	93	86	81	111	73 93	58	55	46
		217 498	238	202	179	157	172	229	237	105 263	90	102
		649	397	342	328	334	280	347	349	376	236 411	229
		040	768	876	753	756	811	840	789	814	789	481 842
			8	ana	324		one contract of the contract o					
				19990	0	277 0	922	314	308	236		
					ŏ	2	0	0	0	0		
					28	249	292	0.0	0	9		
					(6	26	30	283 31	269	201		
					⁷ 5	111	94	91	39 97	26 127		
					13	168	130	159	137	242		
					.000000 <u>0</u>	81	58	62	68	124		
esional Fuel Oll	383	325	352	120 377	62	87	72	97	69	118		
ther Petroleum Products!	793	870	894	819	308 940	299	337	370	420	391		
verage for Four-Week Period	Endina:					715	1,000	812	957	971		
983_	11/05	11/12	11/19	11/00	4444							
otal Motor Gasoline	333	323	324	11/26	12/03	12/10	12/17	12/24	12/31			
Reformulated	0	0		247 0	243	279	309	337	293			
Oxygenated Other Finished	14	14	0 14	5	0	0	0	0	0			
Blending Components	261	254	259	200	201	0 247		0	0			
t Fuel	58	55	50	43	43	32	273	309	275			
stillate Fuel Oil	93	104	109	83	88	89	36 87	28	18			
0.05% Sulfur and under	239	248	258	205	184	186	169	80 150	66 119			
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	123 116	129	136	90	86	71	59	51	3119			
sidual Fuel Oil	373	119	123	115	98	115	110	100	35 84			
ner Petroleum Products	950	335 874	338	314	297	345	370	418	349			
			866	839	851	898	803	770	744			
includes imports of keroser	ne, unfinishe	doile lique	ad patral				***************************************	AND A STORY OF THE PARTY OF THE	ংশকেন্ট্রি			

includes imports of kerosene, unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, and other oils.

Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Source: See page 28.

U.S. Imports of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, July 1992 to Present Figure 7.



U.S. Imports of Crude Oll and Petroleum Products, 1992 to Present Table 8. (Million Barrels per Day)

Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1992				<u>'</u>							1100	Dec
Crude Oil (Excl. SPR)	6.0	5,1	5.3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.8	6,4	6.2	6,6	6.1	SSSE A
SPR	0,0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	5,9 0,0
Relined Products	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.7	1,8	2.0	1.8	1,8	1,9
Gross Imports (Incl. SPR)	7.7	6.8	7.1	8.1	7.8	7.9	8.5	8.3	8.2	8.5	7,9	7.8
Total Exports	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0,9	1.0	0.9	8:0	0.8	0.9	1,0	1,2
Net Imports (Incl. SPR)	6.6	6.0	6,2	7.2	6,9	7.0	7.6	7.5	7,3	7.6	6.9	6.6
1993												
Crude Oll (Excl. SPR)	6,3	6.2	6,5	6,6	6,5	7,2	7.3	6.6	6.5	7.2		
SPR	0.0	0,0	0,0	0,1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Refined Products	1.7	1.8	1,8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1,9	1.7	1,9	2.0		
Gross Imports (Incl. SPR) Total Exports ¹	8.0	7,9	8.3	8,5	8.3	8.7	9.1	8,4	8,5	9.1		
Net Imports (Incl. SPR)	1.1	1.0	1,0	1.1	1.1	9,0	1,0	0.8	0,9	0.9		
	6.8	6,9	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.8	8.1	7.5	7.6	8.3		
Average for Four-Week Perloc 1993												
Crude Oli (Excl. SPR)	11/05	11/12	11/19	11/26	12/03	12/10	12/17	12/24	12/31			
SPH	6.7	6.9	6.8	6.5	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.6			
Relined Products	0,0	0.0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Gross Imports (Incl. CDD)	2,0	1.9	1.9	1.7	1,7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.6			
Gross Imports (Incl. SPR) Total Exports 1	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.1	8,6	8.6	_8.6	_8.6	8.2			
Net Imports (Incl. SPR)	5 0.9	0,9	E0.9	E 0.9	E 0'8	E0.9	™ 0.9	F0.9	^E 0.9			
1	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.3	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.3			

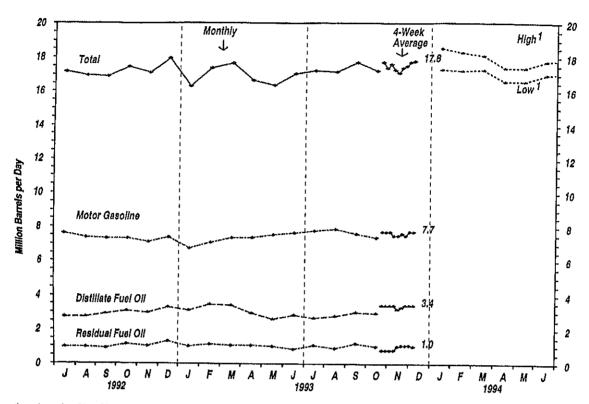
¹ Includes exports of crude oil and refined petroleum products. Crude oil exports are restricted to (1) crude oil derived from fields under the State waters of Alaska's Cook Inlet, (2) certain domestically produced crude oil destined for Canada, and (3) shipments to U.S. territories.

E=Estimate based on data published for the most recent month in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Source: See page 28.

Figure 8. U.S. Petroleum Products Supplied, July 1992 to Present



ctions from the Short Term Energy Outlook. See Appendix for explanation of assumptions used to derive values.

U.S. Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oll, 1990 to Present Table 10. (Dollars per Barrel)

Year/Type	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1990 Domestic Imported Composite	20.75 20.51 20.64	20.75 19.78 20.31	19.32 18.94 19.14	17,37 16.66 17,05	16.45 16.07 16.27	15,06 15,15 15,11	15.86 16.54 16.19	22,96 24,26 23,65	30.14 29.88 30.03	33.32 32.88 33.14	30.75 30.19 30.52	26.48 25.56 26.09
1991 Domestic Imported Composite	23:25 22:30 22:85	19,55 18,30 19,03	18.12 17.58 17.89	18.56 18.32 18.46	18.98 18.36 18.70	18.16 17.78 17.98	18,91 18,14 18,57	19.10 18.71 18.92	19.31 19.00 19.17	20:39 19:86 20:16	20.01 19.35 19.72	17.84 17.17 17.56
1992 Domesilo Imported Composite	16.75 16.10 16.47	16.49 16.00 16.28	16,81 16,36 16,62	17.88 17.37 17.66	18.86 18.79 18.83	20.13 19.83 19.99	20,42 19,74 20,10	19.84 19.25 19.56	19.88 19.26 19.59	19.64 19.34 19.49	18,90 18,40 18,66	17.85 16.94 17.43
1993 Domestic Imported Composite	17.40 16.78 17.10	17.84 17.41 17.64	18.31 17.82 18.08	18:49 18:35 18:42	18.43 17.89 18.16	17.70 16.80 17.26	16.36 15.82 16.10	16.03 15.62 15.84	^R 15,82 R15,32 15,59	P16.09 P15.48 P15.81		

P=Preliminary. R=Revised.

U.S. Average Retail Selling Prices of Motor Gasoline and Residential Heating Oil, 1990 to Present Table 11. (Cents per Gallon, Including Taxes)

Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1990												
Motor Gasoline												
Leaded Regular ²	100.6	101.1	99,9	102.7	104,4	107.7	108,9	119,8	129,7	135.4	135,1	133.5
Unleaded Premium	123.0	122.7	121.8	123.3	124.8	127.1	127.2	136,9	146.7	155.4	155.9	153.7
Unleaded Regular	104.2	103.7	102.3	104.4	106,1	108,8	108.4	119.0	129.4	137,8	137.7	135.4
All-Types	109.0	108.6	107.6	109.6	111.4	114.0	113.9	124,6	134.7	143.1	143.2	141.0
Residential Heating Oil ¹	114.0	96.5	94.9	93.2	90.7	86,4	83.7	8,89	114.2	125,8	.124,1	119,7
1991												
Votor Gasoline												
Leaded Regular ²	124.6	113.7	104.7	106.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Unleaded Premium	143,1	132,1	126.4	128.1	133.1	133.8	131.3	131.8	132.4	130.7	131.8	NA 130.9
Unleaded Regular	124,7	114.3	108,2	110.4	115.6	116,0	112.7	114.0	114.3	112.2	113.4	112.3
All-Types	130.4	119.8	113.8	115.9	120.9	121,4	118.5	119.6	119.9	118.0	119.3	118.2
Residential Heating Oil ¹	116.8	110,3	102,6	96,9	92.5	89.3	86,6	87.0	89,6	94,0	97.9	95.9
992												
Motor Gasoline												
Leaded Regular ²	NA	NA	NA	NA	lossop a ryo g aetoossoo	one and the second	Ediscong/graph copoliticos	Medicina appearance acces	6006 gs (\$1860 concessor)	SSS of white entropy years	WARANA CALANDA AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	our and a second
Unleaded Premium	126.7	124.8	125.0	126.8	NA 131.7	NA 135.9	NA 136,3	NA	ŅĀ	NA	NA	NA .
Unleaded Regular	107.3	105,4	105.8	107.9	113.6	117.9	117.5	134.8 115.8	134.6	134.5	135,1	133.0
All-Types	113.5	111.7	112.2	114.3	119.7	123.9	123.8	122.1	115.8 122.2	115.4 121.9	115.9	113.6
Residential Heating Oil ¹	94.1	94.1	93.0	92.5	92.3	92.2	90.4	88.6	90.1	93.8	122,3 94.9	120.1 94.6
	and the second control of the second	out the section of th	erenegaritania sertaman	***********************	***************	(*************************************	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		en e		×7.9	
1993												
lotor Gasoline												
Leaded Regular ²	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NÄ	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Unleaded Premium	131.3	130.1	129.4	130.4	131.9	132.1	130.5	129.4	128.2	132.3	130.5	
Unleaded Regular	111.7	110.8	109.8	111.2	112.9	113.0	110.9	109.7	108.5	112.7	111.3	
All-Types	118,2	117.2	116.3	117.5	119.3	119.4	117.4	116.3	115.1	119.3	117.8	
lesidential Heating Oll ¹	94,3	94,6	95.4	92.5	91.0	88.9	85.6	84,1	P85.5	NA.	NA NA	

Residential heating oil prices do not include taxes,
The leaded regular motor gasoline price is no longer available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). A mid-grade unleaded motor gasoline price will be published when the BLS makes them available.

NA=Not Available,
P=Preliminary,
Source: See page 26.

Table 12. World Crude Oil Prices¹ (Dollars per Barrel)

	Type of Crude/API				In Ef	fect:			
Country	Gravity ²	31 Dec 93	24 Dec 93	1 Jan 93	1 Jan 93	1 Jan 92	1 Jan 91	1 Jan 90	1 Jar
OPEC								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Saudi Arabia	Arabian Light 34"	12.40	12.55	16.80	16.80	15,90	24.00		2000 Target
Saudi Arabia	Arabian Medium 31°	11.20	11.35	15.40	15.40	14.25	22.00	18,40	12.7
Saudi Arabia	Arabian Heavy 27°	10,10	10.25	14.40	14,40	14,45	20.00	17.55 17.15	12.3
Abu Dhabi	Murban 39*	14.09	14.19	18.15	18.15	16.80	24.65	19.05	12.0
Dubai	Fateh 32*	12.00	12.20	16.15	16.15	14,65	23,10	17,65	13,2
Qatar	Dukhan 40°	13.53	13.63	17.35	17.35	16.05	24.40	18.30	12,6
ran	Iranian Light 34°	12,40	12,50	16.70	16,70	15.50	23,65		13.1
ran	Iranian Heavy 31°	11,22	11.42	15,40	15.40	13,80	22.90	18,20 17,55	13,4
raq	Kirkuk Blend 36*	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	19,45	12.4
Kuwait	Kuwait Blend 31°	11.10	11.25	15.30	15.30	NA	NA		13,1
Veutral Zone	Khafji 28"	9,40	9.55	13.80	13.80	14.45	20.00	17.35 17.05	12.2
Algeria	Saharan Blend 44°	13.80	14.20	18.60	18,60	18.80	28,85		12.0
Vigeria	Bonny Light 37°	13.50	13,90	18.50	18.50	18,20	27,80	21.15	14.1
Vigeria	Forcados 31°	13,60	14.00	17.95	17.95	18.10	27.30	21,20	15,1
libya	Es Sider 37°	12.55	12,95	17,55	17.55	17,20	26,90	21.35	13.7(
ndonesia	Minas 34*	14.15	14.20	19.10	19.10	18.65	26.50	20.40	13,6
/enezuela	Tia Juana Light 31*	12,97	12.55	17.97	17.97	19,67		18.55	13.59
/enezuela	Bachaquero 24°	11.12	11.12	14.88	14.88	13.94	28,62	24.69	13,54
/enezuela	Bachaquero 17"	9.25	9.25	12.75	12,75	10,46	27.89	16.87	12.39
Babon	Mandji 30°	11.10	11.50	15,60	15,60	14.55	24,45 23,25	15,00	11.38
otal OPEC3	NA	12.15						19.05	12.59
		12,10	12.31	16,55	16.55	15.88	24.18	18.72	13,03
Ion-OPEC Inited Kingdom	Brent Blend 38*		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Annangangan sa				
lorway	Ekofisk Blend 42°	13.15	13.50	17.90	17,90	17,75	27,20	21,00	NA
anada	Mixed Blend 30*	13.20	13.60	18.15	18.15	18.00	27.25	20.75	14.20
anada	Lloydminster 22°	16.32	16.08	22.55	22,55	20.46	26.07	19.25	NA
1exico		11.58	12,62	15.95	15.95	13.00	19,27	14.98	NA
1exico	Isthmus 33* Maya 22*	11.86	12,02	17.25	17.25	15,80	24.80	19,90	13.10
o'ambia		9.01	9.02	12.50	12.50	10.75	20,00	17.05	NA
cuador	Cano Limon 30* Oriente 30*	11.72	11.77	16.58	16.58	15.73	24,95	20.15	NA
ngola	Cabinda 32°	11,60	11.60	15,62	15.62	13.94	22.87	18.81	12.35
sweicou	Kole 34°	12.28	12,68	17,35	17.35	16,65	25,35	19,65	NA
gypt⁴	Noie 34	12,28	12.68	17.35	17.35	16,65	25,85	20,15	NA
nan	Suez Blend 33*	10.55	10,95	14,75	14.75	15,20	24.25	16.75	12,81
stralia	Oman 34°	12.70	12.80	16.65	16.65	15.20	23,65	18,05	13.06
ilaysia	Glopsland 42	14.40	14.35	18.60	18.60	21,35	26.75	19.65	NA.
unei 	Tapis Blend 44*	18,95	18,95	21.45	21,45	22.95	36,50	19.20	14.30
S.S.R. ⁵	Seria Light 37°	18.20	18.20	21.30	21.30	22,85	36,40	19,20	14,15
	Export Blend 32°	12,35	12,55	16.30	16,30	16.55	26,05	20.25	13.20
ina	Daqing 33°	13,20	13,20	19.00	19,00	18.50	26,10	18,15	13.73
al Non-OPEC ³	NA	12.79	12.99	17.47	17.47	16.87	25.78	19.29	13.44
tal World ³	NA	12.44	12,63	16.86	16.86	16,22			
Ited States ⁶	NA						24.72	18.91	13.08
iran olalas	IAW	12.00	12,19	16.60	16.60	15.41	24.06	18.87	13,38

Estimated contract prices based on government-selling prices, netback values, or spot market quotations. All prices are f.o.b. at the foreign port of lading except where noted; 30 day payment plan except where noted. See Appendix A for procedure used for calculation of world oil prices.

An arbitrary scale expressing the gravity or density of liquid petroleum products.

Average prices (f.o.b.) weighted by estimated export volume.

On 60 days credit.

Price (CIF) to Mediterranean destinations; also called Urals,
Average prices (f.o.b.) weighted by estimated import volume,
NA=Not Applicable.

NA=Not Applicable. Source: See page 28.

Figure 9. World Crude Oil Price¹ (Dollars per Barrel)



¹ Average price (f.o.b.) of Internationally traded oil only, weighted by estimated export volume. Source: See page 28.

Week Ending 12/31/93 Weekly Petroleum Status Report/Energy Information Administ

Spot market Product Prices , Hotterdam and New York rapie 13, (Dollars per Barrel)

		Gasoline	Gas Oil/Hea	ating Oil ²	Residua	Fuel Oil ³
	Rotterdam	N.Y. ⁴				
	Unleaded Regular ⁵	Unleaded	D-44)	N V 4		_
Year/Month/Day	(91 RON)	Regular (87 Octobro)	Rotterdam	N.Y. ⁴	Rotterdam	N.Y. ⁸
		(87 Octane)	(0.3% Sulfur)	(0.2% Sulfur)	(1% Sulfur)	(1% Sulfur)
1993 Jan 1 Jan 8	21.57	22.65	23.46	25.26	12,91	15.00
	21,22	21,95	22.79	24.66	13.36	15.00
Jan 15 Jan 22	20.87	21.60	22.52	24.18	13.81	14.50
Jan 29	20.75	21,81	21.92	21.64	14,41	14.35
Feb 5	21.45 21.92	23.45	22.92	24,44	15.47	15.00
Feb 12	22,04	22.97	22.99	24.75	15.62	15,00
Feb 19	21.81	22.14	23.06	24.54	16.07	15.00
Feb 26	21.92	20,78	22.65	24,24	15.62	14,60
Mar 5	21.92	21.84	23,46	24.53	14.71	15.00
Mar 12	22.16	23,48	24,13	25.39	15.17	15,50
Mar 19	22,16	22.24	23.59	25,03	15.17	15,35
Mar 26		22.39	23.86	25,30	15,24	15,65
Apr 2	22,63 23,33	22.51	23.59	25.59	15.47	16.00
Apr 9		24,97	23.99	25,26	15,77	16.00
Apr 16	23,56 23,68	24.56	23.73	25,00	16.37	16.90
Apr 23	23,80 23,80	25,12	24,66	24.99	16.37	17.00
Apr 30		24.76	24.66	24.32	16.67	17.00
May 7	23.80	25,52	24.80	24,47	17,27	16.85
May 14	23.92	25.87	24,53	24,23	16.97	16.35
May 21	24.15	24,69	23.73	23,96	17,12	16.00
May 28	23.56	24.65	23.26	23.67	14.41	15.25
Jun 4	23,45	24,14	22.79	23,48	14.86	14.85
Jun 11	23.21	23.71	23.06	23.43	13.81	14.50
	23,45	22.73	22.52	23,36	13,66	14.65
Jun 18	22.27	22.79	22.12	22.98	13.66	14.75
Jun 25	21,86	22,85	21.85	22,84	13,96	15,15
Jul 2 Jul 9	21.45	22.40	21.72	22.66	13.66	15.00
	21,22	21,64	21.58	22,40	15.32	15,15
Jul 16 Jul 23	21.57	21.67	21.45	22.18	15.47	15.25
Jul 30	20,75	21,47	21,45	22,04	14.56	14.75
Aug 6	20.87	21.60	21.72	22.20	14,71	14.25
Aug 13	20.40	21.42	21,18	22.09	14.86	13,85
Aug 13 Aug 20	20.87 20.98	23.59	21.31	22.47	13.81	13.50
Aug 27	20.98 20.75	22,22	21.65	22.55	13.81	13.75
Sep 3	20.75	22.05	21.58	22.69	13.81	14.25
Sep 10	20,75 19,81	21,28	21,72	22.93	13.66	14,50
Sep 17	19.17	20.06	21,45	22.68	13.51	14.50
Sep 24	19.17	19,98	21.72	22.63	13,06	14,35
Oct 1	19,70	20.07	22.45	22.78	12,76	14.15
Oct 8	19.93	21,24	23.32	23.34	13.21	14,35
Oct 15	20,52	21.26	23.46	23.80	13.21	14.50
Oct 22	20,63	22.13	23,99	23.99	13,66	15,00
Oct 29	19.70	21.12	23,59	23.87	13.51	15.12
Nov 5	19,34	20.16	22.25	23.26	12.76	14.00
Nov 12	19,11	19.58	21.98	23.31	12.61	13,50
Nov 19	18.64	18,64	22,12	23,07	11,86	12.50
Nov 26	18:64	18.82	22.79	23,10	11.56	12.15
Dec 3	16.76	17,93	22,65	22,83	11.56	12.60
Dec 10	15.59	16.56	20.78	22.83	11.41	11.75
Dec 17	15.47	15,32	19,97	20,36	10,66	11.35
Dec 24	16,59	15.68	19.44	20.40	10.74	11.75
Dec 31	15.47	15,96 16,38	19:30	20,34	10.81	11.85
		ID 38	18,90	20.45	10.81	12.25

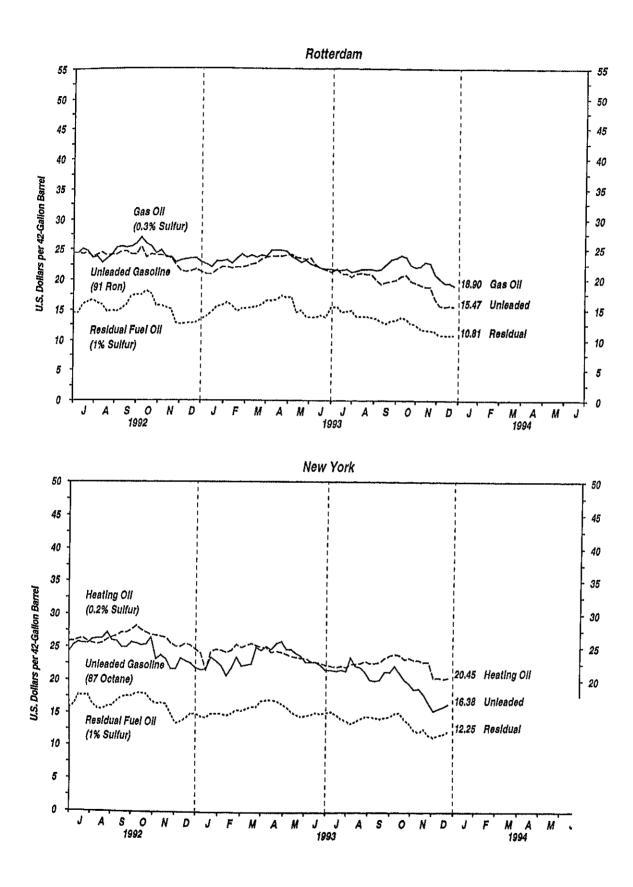
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See Appendix A for explanation of spot market product prices and coverage.
Refers to No. 2 Heating Oil.
Refers to No. 6 Oil.
New York Harbor Reseller Barge Prices.
Refers to Research Octane Number (RON) only. European unleaded regular motor gasoline of 91 RON is approximately equivalent to a U.S. antiknock index of 87 octane.

East Coast Cargoes.
Source: See page 28.

Figure 10. Spot Market Product Prices, Rotterdam and New York



Source: See page 28.

Table 14. U.S. and PADD Weekly Estimates, Most Recent 5 Weeks (Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

Crude Oil Production	12/03/93	12/10/93	12/17/93	12/24/93	12
Domestic Production	^E 6,943	2 222			
Refinery Inputs and Utilization	0,943	E6,923	^E 6,897	^E 6,854	1
Crude Oil Inpuis	13,798				-000 V30,300 -
East Coast (PADD I)	1,364	13,713	13,669	13,451	1
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	3,208	1,384 3,139	1,329	1,304	1
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	6,131	6,134	3,137 6,196	3,069	
West Coast (PADD V)	468	452	457	6,201 435	· (
Bross Inputs	2,627	2,604	2,550	435 2,442	
East Coast (PADD I)	14,030 1,354	13,951	13,867	13,666	3
Midwest (PADD II)	3,295	1,382 3,224	1,323	1,299	14
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	6,218	6,217	3,216 6,272	3,153	
West Coast (PADD V)	470	454	6,272 458	6,279	
perable Capacity (Million Barrels p	2,693 per Day)	2,674	2,598	438 2,497	
ercent Utilization	M. Control	15,1	15.2	15.2	2
perating Capacity (Million Barrels)	per Day) 15.0	92.1 15.0	91.3	90,0	
ercent Utilization	93,3	92.8	15.0	15,0	
roduction by Product		02.0	92,2	90.8	······································
nished Motor Gasoline	7,888		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
East Coast (PADD I)	836	7,719 797	7,650	7,379	7,
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	1,910	1,961	789 1,923	754	
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	3,640	3,418	3,354	1,859	1,
West Coast (PADD V)	221	232	223	3,366 225	3,
Reformulated	1,283 0	1,313	1,363	1,174	1,
East Coast (PADD I)	0	0	0	0	
Midwest (PADD II)	Ŏ	0 D	0	0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0	0	0	O .	
West Coast (PADD V)	0	0	Ö	0	686,0000m. A.;
Oxygenated	. 0	0	Ö	0	
East Coast (PADD I)	2,140 384	2,125	2,191	2,201	2,2
Midwest (PADD II)	629	386 626	365	353	4
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	461	626 473	654	649	6
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) West Coast (PADD V)	26	28	470 30	503	5
Other Finished	641	613	673	34 662	
East Coast (PADD I)	5,748	5,594	5,459	5,178	6 5,2
Midwest (PADD II)	452 1,281	411	424	401	برب 4
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	3,179	1,335	1,269	1,210	1,2
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	195	2,945 204	2,884	2,863	2,7
West Coast (PADD V)	642	700	193 690	191	2
aphtha-Type	1,434	1,473	1,458	512 1,533	5; 1,47
erosene-Type	63	64	66	81	
East Coast (PADD I)	1,371	1,409	1,392	1,452	1,42
Midwest (PADD II)	80 175	76	90	80	9
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	666	198 716	203	205	18
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	24	25	649 25	707	70
West Coast (PADD V) Commercial	426	396	425	29 431	1 42
East Coast (PADD I)	1,247	1,279	1,308	1,361	1,27
Midwest (PADD II)		69	90	74	88
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	173	194	203	205	189
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	612 24	644 05	603	644	627
West Coast (PADD V)	366	25 347	25 387	29	19 354
Military	124	130	387 84	409 91	354 151
East Coast (PADD I)	8	7	0	91 6	9
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	2	2	Ö	Ö	Ō
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	54	72	46	63	73
West Coast (PADD V)	0	0	Q	0	0
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	60	49	38	22	69

Table 14. U.S. and PADD Weekly Estimates, Most Recent 5 Weeks (continued)
(Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

	12/03/93	12/10/93	12/17/93	12/24/93	12/31/9
Production by Product		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.000		0744-000-044-0-0-1-074-074-074-074
j₃⊩late Fuel Oll East Coast (PADD I)	3,560 509	3,481 505	3,374 482	3,368 457	3,51 47
Midwest (PADD II)	890	852	849	864	86
Guif Coast (PADD III)	1,595	1,542	1,422	1,538	1,59
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) West Coast (PADD V)	125 441	112 470	139 482	119 390	13 44
0,05% Sulfur and under	2,042	1,752	1,732	1,643	1,91
East Coast (PADD I)	264	135	184	85	20
Midwest (PADD II) Guif Coast (PADD III)	503 909	434 803	423 709	426 799	47 84
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	73	62	75	59	8
West Coast (PADD V)	293	318	341	274	30
Greater than 0.05% Sulfur East Coast (PADD I)	1,518 245	1, 7 29 370	1,642 298	1,725 372	1,60 26
Midwest (PADD II)	387	418	426	438	39
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	686	739	713	739	75
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) West Coast (PADD V)	52 148	50 152	64 141	60 116	5 13
esidual Fuel Oil	869	898	704	729	93
East Coast (PADD I)	102 86	104 84	100	100	10
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	393	396	68 294	80 351	10 37
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	6	8	7	7	
West Coast (PADD V)	282	306	235	191	33
ocks (Million Barrels)		ebblikens siden abblig til henne normænsen som		unt ann ausace Mada Millionn maca abas an	nakatata na na na na na na na
ude Oli	339.8 14.1	346.1 14.7	348.5	348.4 14.7	341.
East Coast (PADD I) Midwest (PADD II)	76.0	77.4	15.4 78.3	78,2	13, 79,
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	169.7	171.9	173.4	170.2	166,
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV) West Coast (PADD V)	11.0 69.0	10.9 71.2	10.9 70.4	10.7 74.4	10, 71,
R	586.8	586.8	70.4 586.9	586,9	587.
tal Motor Gasoline	222.6	222.1	223.1	224.7	225.
East Coast (PADD I) New England (PADD IX)	62.8 5.5	63.5 6.3	65. 7 6.0	65.0 5.4	65, 5.
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	33.2	32.4	35,8	34.8	36.
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	24.1	24.9	23.9	24.8	24.
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	57.7 64.3	56.9 64.0	57,4 61,8	56,4 64,6	55. 64.
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	6.3	6.0	6.3	6.6	6,
West Coast (PADD V)	31.5	31,7	32.0	32.1	32.
ished Motor Gaspline Reformulated	183.4 0.0	182.9 0.0	184,6 0,0	186.0 0.0	185, 0,
East Coast (PADD I)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	٠. .o.
Midwest (PADD II)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0. 0.
West Coast (PADD V)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Oxygenated	29.7	28.0	29.7	29.0	29.
East Coast (PADD I) Midwest (PADD II)	15.1 0.9	14,0 0.9	14.7 0.9	13,4 0.8	14. 0.
Gulf Coast (PADD III)	4.8	4.7	5.2	5.8	5.i
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	0.5	0,4	0.5	0,6	0.4
West Coast (PADD V) Other Finished	8.5 153.6	8.1 154.9	8.4 154.9	8.3 157.0	8. 156.
East Coast (PADD I)	42,4	44,4	46.0	46.3	46.
Midwest (PADD II)	48.4	48.1	48.4	47.7	47.0
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	43.9	43,5	41.3 4.1	43,5 4,1	42.6 4.1
West Coast (PADD V)	4.3 14,6	4.0 15.0	4.1 15.1	4.1 15.4	4. 15.8
			- cur-com appgare incorporate 670,000 (400,000 (400,000))	gyanyan yang menengunya yang bigan persebah di bili bili bili bili bili bili bili b	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. U.S. and PADD Weekly Estimates, Most Recent 5 Weeks (continued)
(Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

	12/03/93	12/10/93	12/17/93	12/24/93	1004
Stocks (Million Barrels)	000000000000000000000000000000000000000				12/31/83
Jet Fuel Naphtha-Type	41,7	41,7	41.0	40.7	1000 000 00 ·
Kerosene-Type	2.8 38.8	2.9 38.8	2.6	2.6	41.4 2.4
East Coast (PADD I)	9.3	10,1	38.5 9.9	38.1	39.1
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	6,4	6.7	6.5	9,4 7.0	9.8
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	14.6 0.4	13.2	13.7	12,8	6.7
West Coast (PADD V)	8.2	0.4 8.3	0.4	0.4	13.7 0.4
illate Fuel Oil	146,2	144.7	8.1 140.8	8.5	8.7
East Coast (PADD I) New England (PADD IX)	69.8	66.9	64.9	142,5 65,9	144.7
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	13,3 41.8	12.6	12.0	11.8	66.3 12.0
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	14.7	40.8 13.5	39.0 13.9	41.3	40.4
Midwest (PADD II) Gulf Coast (PADD III)	33.4	34.5	33.7	12.8	14,0
Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	28,5	28.8	27,4	33.8 28.6	36.1
West Coast (PADD V)	2.5 12.0	2.8 11.7	2.8	2,8	28.2 2.9
.05% Sulfur and under	61.5	11.7 61.8	11.9 61.8	11.4	11,1
East Coast (PADD I) New England (PADD IX)	19,0	18,1	18.7	61.4 18.9	62.8
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	3.0	3,0	3.1	2,9	19.4
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	8.3 7.6	7.9 7.2	7.6	8.8	2.7 9.1
Midwest (PADD II)	20.5	21.1	8.0 20.7	7.2	7.6
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	13.6	14.2	13.0	20,8 12,9	23.1
West Coast (PADD V)	1.5 6.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	11.9 1.7
ireater than 0.05% Sulfur	84.7	6.7 82,8	7.6	7.1	6.8
East Coast (PADD I) New England (PADD IX)	50.8	48.7	79.0 46.3	81.1	81,9
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	10.2	9,6	8.9	47.0 8.9	47.0
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	33.5 7.1	32.9	31.4	32.4	9.3 31.3
Midwest (PADD II)	12.9	6,3 13,4	6.0	5,7	6.4
Aulf Coast (PADD (II) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	14.9	14,6	12,9 14,4	13.0 15.7	13.0
West Coast (PADD VI	1.0	1,1	1,1	1.1	16.3 1.2
ıal Fuel Oll	5.1 46.2	5,0 46,5	4.3	4,3	4.4
ast Coast (PADD I) New England (PADD IX)	17.8	46.5 18.0	44.9 17.4	44.0	45.3
Central Atlantic (PADD IY)	1.2	1.2	1.2	17.2 1.1	17.1 1.1
Lower Atlantic (PADD IZ)	13.5 2,9	13,5	13,2	13,7	13,4
Midwest (PADD II)	3,3	3,3 3,0	3.1	2,4	2.6
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	17.7	3.0 17.7	3.0 16.5	3.0 16.6	3,2
West Coast (PADD V)	0,4	0,4	0.4	0.4	17.6 0.4
ned Olls	7.4 93.9	7.4	7.5	6.8	7.0
Olis Stocks: Excl SPR	206.4	94.1 202.4	95.0 198.4	91,9	90.9
Stocks Excl SPR Stocks Incl SPR	1,096.9	1,097.7	1,091.8	199.2 1,091.3	195.2 1,084.3
	1,683.7	1,684,5	1,678.7	1,678.2	1,671.3
ude Oll Incl SPR				•	
de Oli Excl SPR	7,748	7,249	6,635	5,727	6,758
East Coast (PADD I)	7,748 1,577	7,249	6,635	5,727	6,758
VIIdwest (PADD II)	1,0 <i>77</i> 868	1,686 705	1,025	967	1,561
Gulf Coast (PADD III) Rocky Mountain (PADD IV)	5,152	4,581	768 4,419	729 3,740	848 3,969
Vest Coast (PADD V)	79	80	67	73	73
3	72	197	356	218	307
lotor Gasoline	0 255	0 368	0 418	0	0 81
ormulated /genated	0	0 0	416 0	308 0	0
er Finished	0	0	O	ő	0
nding Components	216 39	368	344	307	81
		0	72	1	0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. U.S. and PADD Weekly Estimates, Most Recent 5 Weeks (continued) (Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

	12/03/93	12/10/93	12/17/93	12/24/93	12/31/93
mports _{lei} Fuel	86	108	81	46	28
Naphtha-Type	0	0	28	Ō	0
Kerosene-Type	86	108	53	46	28
Salilate Fuel Oil 0.05% Sulfur and under	213 127	171 13	110	107	87
0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	121 86	158	24 86	39 68	64
lesidual Fuel Oil	456	429	440	345	23 180
Nhar	952	877	651	598	851
otal Refined Products Imports	1,962	1,953	1,698	1,404	1,227
ross Imports (Incl SPR)	9,710	9,202	8,333	7,131	7,985
et Imports (Incl SPR)	8,834	8,326	7,457	6,267	7,121
xports	eriodo e contrata de la contrata de		W. Name and a second	_	_
olal	E876	^E 876 ^E 119	₽ 876	E864	ૄ864
Crude Oil Products	E119 E757	E757	^E 119 ^E 757	E115 E749	E864 E115 E749
	LMI.	,,,,	101	749	749
roducts Supplied		170000 (00.000000000000000000000000000000	ekildasekildääpysääää enaunaanan vaavavanan on	MANAGE	
inished Motor Gasoline	7,430 1,377	8,074 1,530	7,684	7,411	7,567
et Fuel Naphtha-Type	74	1,539 40	1,593 138	1,588 61	1,363 77
Kerosene-Type	1,303	1,499	1,455	1,527	1,286
Istillate Fuel Ölk	2,966	3,700	3,865	3,057	3,103
esidual Fuel OII	1,073	1,110	1,208	1,034	762
ther Olls	4,033	4,012	4,188	3,867	4,383
otal Products Supplied	16,879	18,435	18,538	16,958	17,178

E=Estimate based on data published for the most recent month in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly* except for exports and crude oil production. See Appendix for explanation of estimates of exports and crude oil production.

Note: Due to independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total.

Source: See page 28.

Weather Summary, Selected U.S. Cities le 15. (Population Weighted Heating Degree-Days¹)

ther data reported in the Weekly Petroleum Status Report are taken directly from a computerized system implemented by the National inic and Atmospheric Administration, Department of Commerce. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)/NWS, U.S. Government Agency, does not endorse any consumer Information services.

veather for the Nation, as measured by population-weighted heating degree-days from July 1, 1993, through January 1, 1994, has the same as last year and 2 percent cooler than normal.

	Current	Previous	Normal	Percent	Change	
	07/01/93	07/01/92	07/01	Current	Current	
tion	thru 01/01/94	thru 01/01/93	thru	VS.	. vs.	
3011	01/01/94	01/01/93	01/01	Previous	Norma	
otal, Population-Weighted	1,795	1,790	1,754	o	2	
uerque	1,813	1,894	1,851	-4	•2	
llo	1,924	1,943	1,723	-1	12	
<i>i</i> ille a	1,822	1,727	1,708	6	7	
]S	1,116 2,908	1,160 3,061	1,175 2,958	-4	-5	
9 96 I	2,528	2,551	∠,956 2,472	-5 -1	-2 2 3	
ıπ	2,053	2,168	1,998	-5		
lo	2,599	2,553	2,471	2	5	
enne	3,205	3,036	2,970	6	В	
go anali	2,564	2,597	2,477	-1	4	
nnall Iand	2,151 2,358	2,049 2,296	2,012	5	7	
nbla,SO	1,119	1,061	2,265 1,048	3 5	4	
or .	2,515	2,614	2,443	-4		
olnes	2,660	2,646	2,538	i	5	
***	2,370	2,423	2,476	-2	-4	
Й	3,734	3,895	3,724	-4	0	
rd in	2,423	2,455	2,332	-1	4	
nville	695 603	559 449	600 524	24	16	
: City	2,211	2,166	2,110	34 2	15 5	
gas	1,006	1,049	985	-4	2	
geles	267	354	452	·25	-41	
ls	1,264	1,214	1,206	4	5	
kee .	36	13	49	PAR	AAR	
polis	2,459 3,276	2,688	2,743	-9	-10	
mery	1,035	3,238 865	3,168 876	1	3	
rk	1,666	1,758	1,721	20 -5	18 -3	
na Clty	1,643	1,501	1,440	9	14	
	2,638	2,598	2,558	2	3	
lphia	1,594	1,695	1,811	-6	-12	
(gh	391	468	509	-16	-23	
i, ME	2,250 2,692	2,250	2,272	0	-1	
nce	0.440	2,808 2.158	2,777	-4 0	-3 1	
	1,424	2,168 1,359	2,121 1,332	0 5	7.	
nd	1,511	1,512	1,518	0	0	
8	1,852	1,818	1,821	2	2 -6	
OR	1,894	1,799	2,006	5	-6	
re:City ncisco	2,445	2,473	2,339	-1	5	
	904 1,979	859	1,181	5 3	-23	
ort	1,045	1,926 921	2,034 882	13	-3 18	
jton, D C	1,607	1,614	1,488	0	8	

lormal heating degree-days 100 or less, or ratio incalculable.

The total heating degree-days for the previous heating season (July 1, 1992 - June 30, 1993) was 4663, and the normal is 4689.

Table 16. U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, Week Ending 12/31/93

- Cunalit		eek ding		Cumu Daily A 364 E		
_{etroleu} m Supply _{Thousand} Barrels per Day)	12/31/93	12/24/93	Difference	1993	1992	Difference
T OU CURRLY	^E 6,857	E0 054		Ecoto	** 4=4	•••
Domestic Production 1		^E 6,854	3	E6,842	7,171	-329
NATIMONAS (INCIDUING OF IT)	6,643	5,612	1,031	6,599	5,995	604
Gross imports (Excluding Or 1)	6,758	5,727	1,031	6,691	6,074	617
N SPH IIIIPOIG	_ 0	_ 0	0	្ន 15	10	5
(— Y[X]][D_1,1411444141141441414444144441444444444	E115	E ₁₁₅	0	E107	8 9	18
SPR SECONS TRUITMENT (T) OF ACCOUNTY AND ACCOUNTS	-19	0	-19	-34	-17	-17
other Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	_934	_ 24	910	-52	17	-69
/	E-12	E-12	0	E-10	-13	3
Product Supplied and Losses Unaccounted-for Crude Oil ³	-597	973	-1,570	275	259	16
0) Crude Oil Input to Refinerles	13,806	13,451	355	13,620	13,412	208
ther Supply	F	F				
1) Natural Gas Liquids Production ⁶	^E 1_827	^E 1ួ827	0	870 و1 ₋ 871	1,697	173
Other Liquids New Supply	^E 204	^E 204	0	^E 131	128	3
3) Crude Oil Product Supplied	_ ^E 12	_E12	0	_ ^E 10	13	-3
A) Processing Galn	E783	E763	20	E ₇₆₁	772	· 1 1
s) Met Product Imports	478	655	-177	915	944	-29
6) Gross Product Imports4	1,,227	1,404	-177	1,770	1,805	-35
7) Product Exports 4	^E 749	E749	0	E ₈₅₆	860	-4
Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) ⁵	68	46	22	-168	64	-232
g) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use	17,178	16,958	220	17,138	17,030	108
oducts Supplied						
(i) Finished Motor Gasoline ⁶	7,567	7,411	156	7,479	7,267	212
Naphtha-Type Jet Fuel	77	61	16	113	144	-31
2) Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel	1,286	1,527	-241	1,356	1,310	46
Distillate Fuel Oil	3,103	3,057	46	3,042	2,978	64
4) Residual Fuel Oil	762	1,034	-272	1,025	1,094	-69
Other Oils7	4,383	3,867	516	4,123	4,237	-114
i) Total Products Supplied	17,178	16,958	220	17,138	17,030	108
otal Net Imports	7,121	6,267	854	7,514	6,939	5 75
elroleum Stocks	10/01/00	12/24/93	12/31/92		Difference F	rom
illion Barrels)	12/31/93				ıs Week	Year Ago
ude Oil (Excluding SPR) ⁸	341.8	348.4	318.4		3.6 3.2	23,4
tal Motor Gasoline	225.0	224.7	216.2		0.3	8.8
Reformulated	0.0	0.0	0.0		0,0	
Oxygenated	29.7	29.0	0.0		0.7	
Other Finished	156,0	157.0	0,0		1.0	
Blanding Components	39.4	38.6	38,7		0.8	0.7
phtha-Type Jet Fuel	2.4	2.6	4.4		0.2	-2.0
rosene-Type Jet Fuel	39.1	38.1	38.7	-	1.0	0.4
	144.7	142.5	140.8	7	2.2	3.9
stillate Fuel Oil		61.4	0.0	•	1.4	
0.05% Sulfur and under	62.8					
0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	62.8 81.9	81.1	0.0	(0.8	••
0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Sulfur sidual Fuel Oil			0.0 42.7).8 1 .3	2.6
0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Sulfur sidual Fuel Oil	81,9 45,3 90,9	81.1 44.0 91.9		•		
0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Sulfur	81.9	81.1 44.0	42.7	· -	1.3	2.6
0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Sulfur sidual Fuel Oil finished Oils her Olls	81,9 45,3 90,9 ^E 195,2	81.1 44.0 91.9 ^E 199.2	42,7 95.5 161.9	 	1.3 1.0	2.6 -4.6
0.05% Sulfur and under Greater than 0.05% Sulfur sidual Fuel Oil	81,9 45,3 90,9	81.1 44.0 91.9	42,7 95.5		1.3 1.0 4.0	2.6 -4.6 33.3

Includes lease condensate.

Includes lease condensate.

Not imports = Gross Imports (line 3) + Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) Imports (line 4) - Exports (line 5).

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil is a balancing item. See Glossary for further explanation.
Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids.
Includes an estimate of minor product stock change based on monthly data.
Includes sield production of fuel ethanol and an adjustment for motor gasoline blending components in 1993.
Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gases (LRGs), other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor liquids and distillate and residual fuel oils.

Includes domestic and Customs-cleared foreign crude oil in transit to refineries.
Included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids and LRGs, other hydrocarbons and alcohol, aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, waxes, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils. For the current 2 weeks, stocks of these minor products are estimated from monthly data. (See Glossary: Stock change (Refined Products)).

E-Estimate based on data published for the most recent month in the Petroleum Supply Monthly, except for exports and crude oil production. See Appendix

E-Estimate based on data published for the most recent month in the Petroleum Supply Monthly, except for exports and crude oil production. See Appendix for explanation of estimates of exports and crude oil production.

Note: Due to Independent rounding, Individual product detail may not add to total.

Sources: See page 28.

SOURCES

: 1

Current Year Data: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802, -803, and -804; EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly; and EIA, Office of Oil and Gas. Previous Year Data: Estimates based on EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.

2

Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, except for operable capacity for January 1993 which is from the Petroleum Supply Annual, 1992. Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Form EIA-800.

1

Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, except for operable capacity for January 1993 which is from the Petroleum Supply Annual, 1992. Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Form EIA-800.

2

Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802, and -803.

2

Data for Ranges and Seasonal Patterns: 1986-1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, ²etroleum Supply Monthly.

Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected in Forms EIA-800, -801, -802 and -803.

Annthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, etroleum Supply Monthly.

Veck-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected n Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802.

ata for Ranges and Scasonal Patterns: 1986-1992, EIA, etroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply 'onthly.

lonthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, stroleum Supply Monthly.

'eek-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected 1 Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802.

onthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, stroleum Supply Monthly.

'eek-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802.

nd Seasonal Patterns: 1986-1992, EIA, Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply

.992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, Monthly.

Estimates based on weekly data collected EIA-800, -801, and -802.

Table 6

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802.

Figure 5

- Data for Ranges and Seasonal Patterns: 1986-1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Week-Ending Stocks: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, and -802.

Figure 6 and Table 7

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Form EIA-804.

Figure 7 and Table 8

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Form EIA-804.

Figure 8 and Table 9

- Monthly Data: 1992, EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual; 1993, EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802, -803, and -804.
- Projections: EIA, Office of Energy Markets and End Use (November 1993).

Table 10

 Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil: Form EIA-14, Refiners Monthly Cost Report.

Table 11

- Motor Gasoline Bureau of Labor Statistics. See glossary description for Retail Motor Gasoline Prices.
- Residential Heating Oil Forms EIA-782A, Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report, and EIA-782B, Monthly No. 2 Distillate Sales Report.

Table 12 and Figure 9

- EIA, Office of Energy Markets and End Use, Energy Markets and Contingency Information Division.
- · Platt's Oilgram Price Report.
- · Petroleum Intelligence Weekly.
- · Bloomberg Oil Buyers' Guide.
- · Oil and Gas Journal.

Table 13 and Figure 10

Bloomberg Oil Buyers' Guide.

Table 14

 Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802, -803, and -804.

Table 16

- Current Year Data: Estimates based on weekly data collected on Forms EIA-800, -801, -802, -803, and -804; EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly; and EIA, Office of Oil and Gas.
- Previous Year Data: Estimates based on EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.

Appendix A

Explanatory Notes

ElA Weekly Data: Survey Design and Estimation Methods

The Weekly Petroleum Supply Reporting System (WPSRS) comprises five surveys: the "Weekly Refinery Report" (EIA-800); the "Weekly Bulk Terminal Report" (EIA-801); the Weekly Product Pipeline Report" (EIA-802); the "Weekly Crude Oil Stocks Report" (EIA-803); and the "Weekly Imports Report" (EIA-804). The EIA weekly reporting system, as part of the Petroleum Supply Reporting System, was designed to collect data similar to those collected monthly. In the WPSRS, selected petroleum companies report weekly data to EIA on crude oil and netroleum product stocks, refinery inputs and production, and crude oil and petroleum product imports. On the Forms EIA-800 through EIA-803, companies report data on a custody basis. On the Form EIA-804, the importer of record reports each shipment entering the United States. Current weekly data and the most recent monthly data are used to estimate the published weekly totals.

Sample Frame

The sample of companies that report weekly in the WPSRS was selected from the universe of companies that report monthly. All sampled companies report data only for facilities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The EIA-800 sample frame includes all operating and idle petroleum refineries and blending plants in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam and other U.S. possessions. The EIA-801 sample frame includes all bulk terminal facilities in the United States and its possessions that have total bulk storage capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that receive petroleum products by tanker, barge, or pipeline. The EIA-802 sample frame includes all petroleum product pipeline companies in the 50 States and the District of Columbia that transport refined petroleum products, including interstate, intrastate, and intracompany pipeline movements. Pipeline companies that transport only natural gas liquids are not included in the EIA-802 frame. Only those pipeline companies which transport products covered in the weekly survey are included. The EIA-803 sample frame consists of all companies which carry or store 1,000 barrels or more of crude oil. Included are gathering and trunk pipeline companies (including interstate, intrastate and intracompany pipelines), crude oil producers, terminal operators, storers of crude oil, and companies transporting Alaskan crude oil by water in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The EIA-804 sample frame includes all importers of record of crude oil and petroleum products into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands and other U.S. possessions, as well as imports from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands and other U.S. possessions into the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sampling

The sampling procedure used for the weekly system is the cut-off method. In the cut-off method, companies are ranked from largest to smallest on the basis of the quantities reported during

some previous period. Companies are chosen for the sample beginning with the largest and adding companies until the total sample covers about 90 percent of the total for each item and each geographic region for which weekly data are published.

	Weekly Form	Monthly Frame Size	Weekly Sample Size
Refiners (Refineries)	EIA-800	168(250)	59(157)
Bulk Terminals	EIA-801	331	79
Product Pipelines	EIA-802	81	47
Crude Oil Stock Holders	EIA-803	162	80
Importers	EIA-804	851	84

Collection Methods

Data are collected by mail, mailgram, telephone, Telex, Telefax, and electronic transmission on a weekly basis. All canvassed firms must file by 5 p.m. on the Monday following the close of the report week, 7 a.m. Friday. During the processing week, company corrections of the prior week's data are also entered.

Estimation and Imputation

After the company reports have been checked and entered into the weekly data base, explicit imputation is done for companies which have not yet responded. The imputed values are exponentially smoothed means of recent weekly reported values for this specific company. The imputed values are treated like reported values in the estimation procedure, which calculates ratio estimates of the weekly totals. First, the current week's data for a given product reported by companies in a geographic region are summed. (Call this weekly sum, W_s.) Next, the most recent month's data for the product reported by those same companies are summed. (Call this monthly sum, M_s.) Finally, let M_t be the sum of most recent month's data for the product as reported by all companies. Then, the current week's ratio estimate for that product for all companies, W_t, is given by:

$$W_t = \frac{M_t}{M_s} \cdot W_s$$

This procedure is used directly to estimate total weekly inputs to refinerles and production. To estimate stocks of finished products, the preceding procedure is followed separately for refineries, bulk terminals, and pipelines. Total estimates are formed by summing over establishment types.

Weekly imports data are highly variable on a company-by-company basis or a week-by-week basis. Therefore, an exponentially smoothed ratio has been developed. The estimate of total weekly imports is the product of the smoothed ratio and the sum of the weekly reported values and imputed values.

Response Rates

The response rate as of the day after the filing deadline is about 80 percent for the EIA-800, 75 percent for the EIA-801, 95 percent for the EIA-802, 80 percent for the EIA-803, and greater han 95 percent for the EIA-804. However, more forms are exceived the next day, bringing the final response rates up. Late espondents are contacted by telephone. Nearly all of the major companies report on time. The nonresponse rate for the published stimates is usually between 1 percent and 2 percent.

stimation of Domestic Crude Oil Production

fonthly data on crude oil production for States are reported to e Department of Energy by State conservation agencies. Data n the volume of crude oil produced on Federally-owned ffshore leases are reported by the Minerals Management ervice, U.S. Department of the Interior. There is a time lag of proximately 4 months between the end of the reporting month nd the time when the monthly crude oil production information ecomes available. In order to present more timely crude oil oduction volumes, the Energy Information Administration epares weekly crude oil production estimates which are based historical production patterns and, where available, other data ch as pipeline runs from the Alaskan North Slope during the eek. These weekly estimates are presented as the weekly and week average crude oil production volumes shown in this blication. Cumulative crude oil production volumes shown in e U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet include revised estimates iblished in the Petroleum Supply Monthly.

stimation of Exports

dictal U.S. exports statistics for crude oil and petroleum oducts are compiled by the U.S. Bureau of the Census and are olished in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*. The EIA obtains se data on a monthly basis approximately 10 weeks after the se of the reporting month. Beginning with statistics for the tweek ending in October 1991, weekly estimates of exports forecast using an autoregressive integrated moving-average RIMA) procedure. The ARIMA procedure models a value as near combination of its own past values and present and past the set of other related time series. The most recent 5 years of data are used to obtain the exports forecast. In addition, for a ujor products and crude oil, 5 years of related price data are The price data include some U.S. and some foreign series.

Data Assessment

Il objective of the Petroleum Supply Reporting provide an accurate picture of petroleum industry d of the availability of petroleum products om primary distribution channels. The weekly data, used on sample estimates stemming largely from company data, serve as leading indicators of the . The weekly data are not expected to have the f accuracy as the preliminary monthly data when h final monthly data. However, the weekly data are chibit like trends and product flows characteristic of y and final monthly data.

To assess the accuracy of weekly statistics, monthly estimates derived from weekly estimates are compared with the final monthly aggregates published in the Petroleum Supply Annual, Although final monthly data are still subject to error, they have been thoroughly reviewed and edited, they reflect all revisions made during the year and they are considered to be the most accurate data available. The mean absolute percent error provides a measure of the average revisions relative to the aggregates being measured for a variable. The mean absolute percent error for 1988 weekly data was less than 3 percent for 19 of the 30 major petroleum variables analyzed. Most of the variables with mean absolute percent errors of 3 percent or more were for refined products imports series. The mean absolute percent error for total weekly refined products imports was 15 percent for 1988. It should be noted that products imports data are highly variable and cannot be estimated from a sample with the same precision as other petroleum variables. estimates for refined products imports are almost always low because small companies, which are not in the weekly sample, generally import large volumes of finished products only a few times during the year.

An analytical article, "Timeliness and Accuracy of Petroleum Supply Data," which assesses the differences between interim and final data on the 30 major petroleum variables, is published in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly* once each year.

Interpretation and Derivation of Average Inventory Levels

The national inventory (stocks) graphs for total petroleum products, crude oil, motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil in this publication include features to assist in comparing current inventory levels with past inventory levels and with judgments of critical levels. Methods used in developing the average inventory levels and minimum operating levels are described below.

Average Inventory Levels

The charts displaying inventory levels of crude oil and petroleum products (p.7), crude oil (p.7), motor gasoline (p.9), distillate fuel oil (p.11), and residual fuel oil (p.13) provide the reader with actual inventory data compared to an "average range" for the most recent 3-year period running from January through December or from July through June. The ranges also reflect seasonal variation for the past 7 years.

The seasonal factors, which determine the shape of the upper and lower curves, are estimated with a seasonal adjustment technique developed at the Bureau of Census (Census X-11). The seasonal factors are assumed to be stable (i.e., the same seasonal factor is used for each January during the 7-year period) and additive (i.e., the series is deseasonalized by subtracting the seasonal factor for the appropriate month from the reported inventory levels). The intent of deseasonalization is to remove only annual variation from the data. Thus, deseasonalized series would contain the same trends, cyclical components, and irregularities as the original data. The seasonal factors are updated annually in October, using the 7 most recent years' final monthly data.

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	
	Lower Range												
**************************************	1,024.9 326.2 225.2 121.8	1,008.1 329.3 225.7 106.2	993.3 332.4 215.4 95.8	1005.3 336.5 211.4 94.7	1,032.1 342.3 210.0 98.9	1,033.3 333.7 203.9 104.5	1,052.7 333.9 206.8 115.9	1,057.2 331.4 204.5 123.6	1,068.4 325.9 212.0 130.7	1,058.3 332.8 203.2 128.6	1,060.1 334.3 207.0 130.9	322.5 211.3 130.6	
* * 4 * * *	44.9	43.3	40.6	40.0	42.4	41.1	41.6	42.4	44.6	45.0	46.6	45.9	
				τ	Jpper Rai	nge							
******	1,052.8 341.4 237.5 130.9 48.8	1,036.0 344.5 238.0 115.3 47.3	1,021.2 347.6 227.7 104.9 44.6	1,033.2 351.6 223.6 103.8 44.0	1,060.0 357.5 222.3 108.0 46.4	1,061.3 348.9 216.2 113.6 45.1	1,080.6 349.1 219.1 125.0 45.6	1,085.2 346.6 216.8 132.7 46.4	1,096.4 341.0 224.3 139.8 48.6	1,086.2 347.9 215.5 137.8 49.0	1,088.0 349.4 219.3 140.0 50.5	1,056.8 337.7 223.6 139.7 49.8	

are used to deseasonalize data from the most (January-December or July-June) in order to malized average band. The average of the tonth series is the midpoint of the band, and ons of the series (adjusting first for extreme When the seasonal factors are added back in the midpoint plus one standard deviation plus and the lower curve is the midpoint minus ion plus the seasonal factor), the "average graphs reflects the actual data. The ranges months in April and October (Table A1).

erved Inventories

bserved minimum" on the stock graphs are y levels observed during the most recent published in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

ns from the *Short-Term* tlook, Fourth Quarter 1993

: for petroleum demands presented in the 3 Short-Term Energy Outlook reflect the gross domestic product (GDP) growth of 2.5 3.2 percent in 1994, and normal weather, as it of heating and cooling degree days. In ausible ranges for the petroleum projections tlook, ranges of macroeconomic, price, and s are used.

bound reflects an assumed combination of righer economic growth, and more severe of the base case. In this scenario, real gross expected to increase by 2.6 percent in 1993 in 1994, and weather (in terms of heating med to be about 10 percent colder than the wer demand bound assumes that real gross acreases by 2.3 percent in 1993 and by 1.6

percent in 1994 and that weather is significantly milder than in the base case.

The weather sensitivities assume deviations above and below normal that correspond to one-half of the largest quarterly deviations from normal in heating and cooling degree-days over the last 15 years. Average petroleum sensitivity factors for this forecast are summarized below:

- A 1-percent increase in real GDP raises petroleum demand by about 124,000 barrels per day.
- A \$1-per-barrel increase in crude oil prices, assuming no price response from non-petroleum energy sources, reduces demand by about 37,000 barrels per day.
- A \$1-per-barrel increase in crude oil prices boots domestic oil supply (crude oil and natural gas liquids production) by 87,000 barrels per day.
- A 1-percent increase in heating degree-days increases demand by about 30,000 barrels per day; a 1-percent increase in cooling degree-days increases petroleum demand by about 14,000 barrels per day.

For more detailed information on the forecast, please refer to the published report, Fourth Quarter 1993 Short-Term Energy Outlook. Copies of the report are available from:

National Energy Information Center Room 1F-048, Forrestal Building 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, DC 20585 Telephone (202) 586-8800

Calculation of World Oil Price

The weighted average international price of oil, shown in the "Highlights" on page 1 and on page 18, is an average calculated using specific crude oil prices weighted by the estimated crude oil export volume for each oil-producing country. To develop

the table shown on page 18, a list of major oil producing/exporting countries was chosen. For each country, the contract selling price of one or more representative crude oils was determined by investigating a number of industry publications (i.e., "Oil Buyers' Guide", "Platt's Oilgram Price Report", "Petroleum Intelligence Weekly", and "Weekly Petroleum Argus") and by contacting oil market analysts.

Then, the appropriate crude oil volumes to be used as weighting factors for each country were determined. These volumes are estimates based on a number of sources which provide data on production, consumption, and exports for these countries. Export volumes for a number of smaller producing/exporting countries, not listed in the table, are included in the weighting factors. After the export volumes had been determined, simple mathematical weighted averages were calculated to arrive at the "Total OPEC," "Total Non-OPEC," and "Total World" prices.

The average United States (FOB) import price is derived by the same basic procedure as the world oil price, that is, taking the representative contract crude oil price of a specific crude oil from a particular country and weighting this price by a certain volume of crude oil. In this case, the weighting factors are the volumes of crude oil imported into the U.S. from pertinent countries. Import volumes from a number of smaller producing/exporting countries, not listed in the table, are included in the weighting factors.

Both the import and export volumes are preliminary. Due to heir origin, these estimates cannot be fully verified. These

volumes are updated monthly, or more frequently when changes in oil market conditions make updating appropriate.

Explanation and Coverage of Spot Market Product Prices

Definition of spot market product prices for the Rotterdam market: Represent the mid point of the bid/asked price range for CIF cargoes scheduled for prompt arrival at Rotterdam (within 48 hours).

Definition of spot market product prices for the New York market: Represent last sale price reported or offered. Prices are ex-duty and do not include Federal or State taxes.

General definition of spot prices: A transaction concluded "on the spot," that is, on a one-time prompt delivery basis, usually referring to a transaction involving only one cargo of product. This contrasts with a term contract sale which obligates the seller to furnish product on an evenly-spread delivery basis over an extended period of time, usually for 1 year.

Coverage of petroleum product prices is restricted to and updated according to the major products traded. Major products are determined by the highest number of transactions and the highest volumes of product traded, e.g., 1987 replacement of the New York leaded regular gasoline series with the unleaded regular gasoline series.

Appendix B

EIA-819M Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report

Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report," provides production data and preliminary stock data for fuel ethanol and methy ether (MTBE) in the United States and major U.S. geographic regions. These data have been published in the Weekl atus Report (WPSR) and the Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM) since March 1992.

ected from a sample of respondents reporting on the Monthly Petroleum Supply Reporting System surveys. Final data on a stocks of fuel ethanol and MTBE are presented in the Detailed Statistics section of the *PSM* beginning with the Marc The quantity of oxygenates blended into motor gasoline previously published in this appendix is now presented in the ection of the *PSM*.

U.S. Summary Table, November 1993

	Nover	nber 1993	Octo	ber 1993	Year-to-Date			
cts	Thousand Barrels	Thousand Barrels per Day	Thousand Barrels	Thousand Barrels per Day	Thousand Barrels	Thousand Barrels per Day		
ol								
1	2,538	85	2,349	76	24,832	74		
***************************************	2,275	***	2,640		2,275			
1	4,426	148	4,515	146	45,087	135		
13444444444444	11,468		13,139	~-	11,468			

ergy information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report."

Table B2. Monthly Fuel Ethanol Production and Stocks by Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD)

(Thousand Barrels per Day, Except Where Noted)

(111000		· · · · · ·	,									
District/Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total U.S.												<u> </u>
Production												
1992	78 70	71	68	88	68	66	66	70	67	74	74	75
1993	76	73	77	76	74	76	69	66	72	76	85	_
Stocks (thous, bbls.)	4.070	4.007	4 400	4 457	4.000	4.044	0.000					
1992	1,076 2,036	1,287 1,929	1,462	1,457	1,858	1,941	2,362	2,530	2,973	2,980	2,547	1,791
1993	2,000	1,528	1,878	2,069	2,314	2,499	2,459	2,768	2,633	2,640	2,275	
East Coast (PADD I)											·	
Production												
1992	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	w		
1993	w	w	w	ŵ	w	w	w	w	w	W	W	W
Stocks (thous, bbls.)	**	• • •	•••		• •	• • •	**	**	VV	VV	W	
1992	85	93	100	82	88	67	200	207	177	163	400	
1993	117	64	62	41	136	112	37	157	135	82	139	99
	• • •	•		.,	100	.,_	31	107	133	02	241	
Midwest (PADD II)							·					
Production												
1992	73	66	63	64	64	61	61	66	66	72	20	
1993	74	71	75	74	73	74	67	64	70	74	72	73
Stocks (thous, bbls.)						• •	٥,	04	70	/4	83	
1992	532	662	791	794	1,010	1,143	1,344	1,361	1,639	1,553	1.070	000
1993	1,094	1,124	1,143	1,310	1,322	1,413	1,570	1,408	1,314	1,269	1,279	889
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	., ,	,,,,,,	111.00	1,010	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,110	11070	11700	11014	1,209	981	
Gulf Coast (PADD III)				··				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			****	
Production												
1992	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	W
1993	W	W	W	w	w	w	ŵ	ŵ	w	w	w	¥¥
Stocks (thous, bbls.)						••	••	**	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	**	VY	
1992	248	344	394	452	530	464	562	612	405	477	465	254
1993	203	244	216	294	312	333	358	616	530	468	366	204
				,	٠.٣	000	000	010	000	400	300	
Rocky Mountain (PADD I	IV)								·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Production				•								
1992	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
1993	W	W	W	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	••
Stocks (thous, bbis,)			• •		**	••	**	• • •	•••	•••	•••	
1992	27	11	20	14	15	12	17	20	21	44	60	70
` 793	61	44	45	41	42	45	47	47	50	85	70	
·+ (PADD V)							V k		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
	W	W	W	w	W	w	w	w	w	W	W	w
	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
s, bbls.)	. •	••	•••	••	**	**	**	**	**	••	• •	
	184	177	156	114	214	254	240	330	732	743	604	479
1000	561	453	412	383	502	596	447	540	604	736	617	
								- 10		. =		

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report."

ithly Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE) Production, and Stocks 'etroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD)

rusand Barrels per Day, Except Where Noted)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		l.		L	· L							
	98	94	89	79	90	90	101	91	104	118	128	125
	115	114	112	138	132	126	155	142	157	146	148	
iols.)	11,999	12,681	13,966	14,962	15,961	18,887	20,436	23,131	22,853	19,208	16,342	13,818
	10,648	10,148	10,550	11,953	13,476	14,544	16,044	17,047	15,510	13,139	11,468	
1)												
	w	w	w	w	W	w	W	W	W	W	w	W
	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	
(.slde	3,086	2,944	3,551	3,929	4,453	4,663	4,824	5,046	4,875	3,839	3,098	2,613
	1,881	1,833	1,492	1,598	2,201	2,578	2,429	3,062	2,604	2,402	2,141	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u></u>									
	W	W	W	W	W	w	W	W	W	W	w	w
	W	w	ŵ	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	
bls.)	W	W	W	W	w	w	W	W	w	W	W	W
	w	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	
III)												
	88	82	77	69	77	77	88	78	93	108	118	114
	102	101	99	124	117	111	139	125	139	130	129	
(,eldc	5,104	5,711	6,058	6,728	6,870	8,549	8,928	9,847	9,192	8,309	7,380	6,159
	4,987	4,707	5,304	6,152	6,553	6,890	7,834	8,040	7,664	6,440	5,828	
PADI) IV)											
	w	W	w	w	w	w	W	w	W	W	W	W
	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	
bbls.)	W	w	w	w	w	w	W	W	W	W	W	W
	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	
D V)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>		<u>.</u>				
	w	w	w	W	W	w	w	W	W	W	W	٧
	W	w	w	w	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	
bbls.) 3,418	3,673	4,011	4,064	4,309	5,385	6,419	7,936	8,466	6,723	5,543	4,768
	3,536	3,333	3,516	3,921	4,427	4,774	5,452	5,481	4,782	3,883	3,134	

to avoid disclosure of individual company data, aphic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding gy information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-819M, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report."



Form EIA-819M Monthly Oxygenate Report Explanatory Notes

ound

November 1992, the Clean Air Act ts of 1990 required that all gasoline sold in noxide nonattainment areas have an oxygen 2.7 percent (by weight) during wintertime eginning in 1995 further requirements are that nulated gasoline having an average oxygen 2.0 percent be sold in the nine worst ozone ent areas.

a frame identifier survey of companies that end, store, or import oxygenates. The purpose vey was to (1) identify all U.S. producers, torers, and importers of oxygenates; and (2) ply, and blending data for January - June, 1992 lata on those oxygenates blended into motor

ew

continue to provide relevant information about gional gasoline supply, the EIA has begun an data collection program. The Form, "Monthly Oxygenate Telephone Report" formation on oxygenate production, imports, by Petroleum Administration for Defense ADD's). Data are aggregated and presented on B3 of this appendix as follows:

U.S. Summary Table, Current Month

Monthly Fuel Ethanol Production and Stocks, by PADD

Monthly Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE) Production, and Stocks, by PADD

re displayed in thousand barrels (42 U.S. r Barrel) or thousand barrels per day.

tion Methods

e EIA-819M survey are collected beginning on vorking day of each month. Information is y telephone or can be transmitted to the EIA by

Receipt of the data is monitored using an respondent mailing list. Additional follow-up calls are made to nonrespondents prior to the 1 deadline.

Sample Frame

The sample of companies that report on the Form EIA-819M was selected from the universe of companies that reported on the Form EIA-822A/D, "Oxygenate Operations Identification Survey". The universe consisted of (1) operators of facilities that produce (manufacture or distill) oxygenates (including MTBE plants, petrochemical plants, and refineries that produce oxygenates as part of their operations); (2) operators of petroleum refineries; (3) operators of bulk terminals, bulk stations, blending plants, and other non-refinery facilities that store and/or blend oxygenates; and (4) importers of oxygenates (importer of record) located in or importing oxygenates into the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sampling

The sampling procedure used for the survey form EIA-819M is the cut-off method and was performed using software developed by the EIA's Office of Statistical Standards. In the cut-off method, companies are ranked from largest to smallest on the basis of quantities reported (oxygenate production, oxygenate stocks, oxygenate imports, and oxygenates used in the blending of motor gasoline) during 1992. Companies are chosen for the sample beginning with the largest and adding companies until the total sample covers approximately 90 percent of the total for each oxygenate item and supply type by geographic region (PAD Districts I through V) for which data may be published.

Frames Maintenance

The Petroleum Supply Division (PSD) maintains complete lists of respondents to its monthly surveys. Each survey has a list of companies and facilities required to submit petroleum activity data. This list is known as the survey frame. Frame maintenance procedures are used to monitor the status of petroleum companies and facilities currently contained in each survey frame as well as to identify new members to be added to the frame. As a result, all known petroleum supply organizations falling within the definition of "Who Must Submit" participate in the frames survey.

The activities for frames maintenance are conducted within two time frames: monthly and annually. Monthly frames maintenance procedures for the EIA-819M focus on examining several frequently published industry periodicals that report changes in status (births, deaths,

sales, and acquisitions) of petroleum facilities producing, transporting, importing, and/or storing crude oil and petroleum products. These sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems operated by other offices. Survey managers review these sources to monitor changes in company operations and to develop lists of potential respondents. These activities assure coverage of the reporting universe and maintain accurate facility information on addresses and ownership.

To supplement monthly frames maintenance activities and to provide more comprehensive coverage, the PSD conducts an annual frames investigation. This annual evaluation results in the reassessment and recompilation of the complete frame.

Quality Control and Data Revision

Quality Control

Survey forms are periodically reviewed for completeness, meaningfulness, and clarity. Modifications are made, when needed, to maintain efficient measure of the intended data items and to track product movement accurately throughout the industry. Through this process, the EIA can maintain consistency among forms, minimize respondent burden, and eliminate ambiguity.

Response Rate

The response rate is usually 98 to 100 percent. Chronic nonrespondents and late filing respondents are contacted by telephone or in writing and reminded of their requirement to report. Companies that file late or fail to file are subject to criminal fines, civil penalties, and other sanctions as provided by Section 13(i) of the Federal Energy Administration (FEA) Act.

Resubmissions

Resubmissions are any changes to the originally submitted data that were either requested by the EIA or initiated by the respondent. Resubmissions are compared with the original submission and processed at the time of receipt. Entries on Tables B1-B3 of this appendix will be marked with an "R" to indicate that data have been revised.

Data Imputation and Estimation

In any survey, nonresponse can be a major concern because the effects can cause serious bias in survey results. Nonresponse occurs whenever requested information is not obtained from all units in a survey. The EIA-819M has a very high response rate. Whenever survey responses are not received in time to be included in published statistics, the data are imputed. Although imputing for missing data may not eliminate the total error associated with nonresponse, it can serve to reduce the error. The data reported in the previous month are used as imputed values for missing data.

After the data files have been edited and corrected, aggregation is done for production, imports, and stocks, by each geographic region. Estimation factors, which were derived from 1992 reported data, are then applied to each cell to generate published estimates.

Confidentiality

The Office of Legal Counsel of the Department of Justice concluded on March 20, 1991, that the Federal Energy Administration Act requires the EIA to provide company-specific data to the Department of Justice, or to any other Federal agency when requested for official use, which may include enforcement of Federal law. The information contained on this form may also be made available, upon request, to another component of the Department of Energy (DOE), to any Committee of Congress, the General Accounting Office, or other Congressional agencies authorized by law to receive such information. A court of competent jurisdiction may obtain this information in response to an order.

The information contained on this form will be kept confidential and not disclosed to the public to the extent that it satisfies the criteria for exemption under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. 552, the DOE regulations, 10 C.F.R. 1004.11, implementing the FOIA, and the Trade Secrets Act, 18 U.S.C. 1905.

Upon receipt of a request for this information under the FOIA, the DOE shall make a final determination whether the information is exempt from disclosure in accordance with the procedures and criteria provided in the regulations. To assist us in the determination, respondents should demonstrate to the DOE that for example, their information contains trade secrets or commercial or financial information whose release would be likely to cause substantial harm to their company's competitive position. A letter accompanying the submission that explains (on an element-by-element basis) the reasons why the information would be likely to cause the respondent substantial competitive harm if released to the public would aid in this determination. A new justification does not need to be provided each time information is submitted on the form, if the company has previously submitted a justification for that information and the justification has not changed.

EIA-819M Definitions

Alcohol. The family name of a group of organic chemical compounds composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen. The series of molecules vary in chain length and are composed of a hydrocarbon plus a hydroxyl group; CH₃-(CH₂)_n-OH (e.g., methanol, ethanol, and tertiary butyl alcohol (TBA)).

Blending Plant. A facility which has no refining capability but is either capable of producing finished

motor gasoline through mechanical blending or blends oxygenates into motor gasoline.

Bulk Station. A facility used primarily for the storage and/or marketing of petroleum products which has a total bulk storage capacity of less than 50,000 barrels and receives its petroleum products by tank car or truck.

Bulk Terminal. A facility used primarily for the storage and/or marketing of petroleum products which has a total bulk storage capacity of 50,000 barrels or more and/or receives petroleum products by tanker, barge, or pipeline.

Ending Stocks. Stocks of oxygenates held in storage as of 12 midnight on the last day of the month.

ETBE (ethyl tertiary butyl ether) (CH₃)₃COC₂H₅. An oxygenate blend stock formed by the catalytic etherification of isobutylene with ethanol.

Ether. A generic term applied to a group of organic chemical compounds composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen, characterized by an oxygen atom attached to two carbon atoms (e.g., methyl tertiary butyl ether).

Fuel Ethanol (C₂H₅OH). An anhydrous denatured aliphatic alcohol intended for gasoline blending as described in Oxygenate definition.

Methanol (CH₃OH). A light volatile alcohol intended for gasoline blending as described in Oxygenate definition.

MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether) (CH3)3COCH3. An ether intended for gasoline blending as described in Oxygenate definition.

Other Oxygenates. Other aliphatic alcohols and aliphatic ethers intended for motor gasoline blending (e.g., isopropyl ether (IPE) or n-propanol).

Oxygenates. Any substance which, when added to gasoline, increases the amount of oxygen in that gasoline blend.

Through a series of waivers and interpretive rules, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has determined the allowable limits for oxygenates in unleaded gasoline. The "Substantially Similar" Interpretive Rules (56 FR (February 11, 1991)) allows blends of aliphatic alcohols other than methanol and aliphatic ethers, provided the oxygen content does not exceed 2.7 percent by weight.

The "Substantially Similar" Interpretive Rules also provide for blends of methanol up to 0.3 percent by

volume exclusive of other oxygenates, and butanol or alcohols of a higher molecular weight up to 2.75 percent by weight.

Individual waivers pertaining to the use of oxygenates in unleaded gasoline have been issued by the EPA. They include:

Fuel Ethanol. Blends of up to 10 percent by volume anhydrous ethanol (200 proof) (commonly referred to as the "gasohol waiver").

Methanol. Blends of methanol and gasoline-grade tertiary butyl alcohol (GTBA) such that the total oxygen content does not exceed 3.5 percent by weight and the ratio of methanol to GTBA is less than or equal to 1. It is also specified that this blended fuel must meet ASTM volatility specifications (commonly referred to as the "ARCO" waiver).

Blends of up to 5.0 percent by volume methanol with a minimum of 2.5 percent by volume co-solvent alcohols having a carbon number of 4 or less (i.e., ethanol, propanol, butanol, and/or GTBA). The total oxygen must not exceed 3.7 percent by weight, and the blend must meet ASTM volatility specifications as well as phase separation and alcohol purity specifications (commonly referred to as the "DuPont" waiver).

MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether). Blends up to 15.0 percent by volume MTBE which must meet the ASTM D4814 specifications. Blenders must take precautions that the blends are not used as base gasolines for other oxygenated blends (commonly referred to as the "Sun" waiver).

Refinery. An installation that manufactures finished petroleum products from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, other hydrocarbons, alcohol and oxygenates.

TAME (tertiary amyl methyl ether) (CH₃)₂(C₂H₅)COGH₃. An oxygenate blend stock formed by the catalytic etherification of isoamylene with methanol.

TBA (tertiary butyl alcohol) (CH3)3COH. An alcohol primarily used as a chemical feedstock, a solvent or feedstock for isobutylene production for MTBE; produced as a co-product of propylene oxide production or by direct hydration of isobutylene.

Table 17, U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet, 4 Weeks Ending 12/24/93

Potentaria Cuantu		ek Averages nding	Percent	Cumu Daily A 357 E	Dancel		
Petroleum Supply (Thousand Barrels per Day)	12/24/93	12/24/92	Change	1993 199		Percent Change	
Crude Oll Supply	F			Engli			
(i) Domestic Production ¹	E _{6,904}	7,089	-2.6	E6,841	7,173	-4.6	
	6,722	5,862	14.7 14.6	6,598 6,689	5,998	10.0	
(3) Gross Imports (Excluding SPR)	6,840 0	5,970 0	14.0	15	6,076 10	10.1 	
(5) Exports	E ₁₁₈	108	9,3	E ₁₀₇	88	21.6	
(6) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	-9	-21	3.0	-35	-17	21.0	
(7) Other Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-)	-500	236		-72	13	••	
(8) Product Supplied and Losses	E-10	-12		E-10	-13		
(9) Unaccounted-for Crude Oil ³	551	103	••	293	263	••	
(10) Crude Oil Input to Refinerles	13,658	13,257	3.0	13,616	13,416	1,5	
Other Supply	E	4 1140		E. 074	4 000	400	
(11) Natural Gas Liquids Production ⁶	E1,908 	1,746	9.3	^E 1 _E 871 E <u>1</u> 29	1,696	10.3	
(12) Other Liquids New Supply(13) Crude Oil Product Supplied	E ₁₀	176	-60.8	E10	127	1,6	
(13) Crude Oil Product Supplied(14) Processing Gain	E771	12 825	-16,7 -6,5	E761	13 771	-23.1 -1.3	
(15) Net Product Imports 4	999	788	26.8	923	948	-1.3	
(16) Gross Product imports 4	1,754	1,874	-6.4	1,781	1,803	-1,2	
(17) Product Exports ⁴	² 755	1,086	-30.5	E858	855	0.4	
(18) Product Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) ⁵	288	976	**	-173	42	•••	
(19) Total Product Supplied for Domestic Use	17,703	17,779	-0.4	17,137	17,013	0.7	
Products Supplied							
(20) Finished Motor Gasoline ⁶	7,650	7,344	4.2	7,477	7,265	2.9	
(21) Naphtha-Type Jet Fuel	78	138	-43.5	114	144	-20,8	
(22) Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel	1,446	1,410	2,6	1,358	1,308	3.8	
(23) Distillate Fuel Oil	3,397	3,247	4.6	3,041	2,971	2.4	
(24) Residual Fuel Oil(25) Other Oils	1,106 4,025	1,264 4,376	-12,5 -8,0	1,030 4,117	1,090 4,235	-5.5 -2.8	
(26) Total Products Supplied	17,703	17,779	-0.4	17,137	17,013	0.7	
Total Net Imports	7,721	6,650	16.1	7,521	6,946	8,3	
Petroleum Stocks (Million Barrels)	12/24/93	12/17/93	12/24/92	P	ercent Chang	ge from	
Crude Oil (Excluding SPR) ^a	348.4	348.5	320.0		ıs Week 0,0	Year Ago 8.9	
Total Motor Gasoline	224.7	223,1	215.7		0.7	4,2	
Reformulated	0,0	0.0	0.0		0.0	••	
Oxygenated	29.0	29.7	0.0		2.4	••	
Tinished	157,0	154.9	0.0	1	1.4		
1 Components	38.6	38.5	38.3	(3,3	8,0	
Jet Fuel	2.8	2.6	4.5	(0.0	-42.2	
3 Jet Fuel	38.1	38.5	39.4	-1	1.0	-3.3	
W	142.5	140,8	142.1	1	1.2	0.3	
ulfur and under	61,4	61.8	0.0).6	••	
ihan 0.05% Sulfur	81,1	79.0	0.0		2.7	••	
M	44.0	44.9	43.6		2,0	0.9	
	91.9 E _{199.2}	95.0 ^E 198.4	97.1 166.4		3.3).4	-5.4 19.7	
						6.1	
Orude Oil In SPR	1,091.3 586.9	1,091,8 586,9	1,028.7		0,0	5.1 2.2	
Total Stocks (Including SPR)			574.5).0 \	4.7	
эмі орола (шолоній ості) вишининня вишининня вишин	1,678,2	1,678.7	1,603.3		0.0	4.1	

Sources: See page 28.

Includes lease condensate,
Net Imports = Gross Imports (line 3) + Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR) Imports (line 4) - Exports (line 5),
Unaccounted-for Crude Oil is a balancing item. See Glossary for further explanation,
Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids.
Includes an estimate of minor product stock change based on monthly data.
Includes field production of fuel ethanol and an adjustment for motor gasoline blending components in 1993.
Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gases (LRGs), other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuels, and distillate and residual fuel oils.
Includes domestic and Customs-cleared foreign crude oil in transit to refineries.
Included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids and LRGs, other hydrocarbons and oxygenates, aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, waxes, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

For the current 2 weeks, stocks of these minor products are estimated from monthly data. (See Glossary: Stock change (Refined Products)).

E=Estimate based on data published for the most recent month in the Petroleum Supply Monthly, except for exports and crude oil production. See Appendix for explanation of estimates of exports and crude oil production.

Note: Due to independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total.

Glossary

Barrel. A volumetric unit of measure for crude oil and petroleum products equivalent to 42 U.S. gallons.

CIF (Cost, Insurance, Freight). This term refers to a type of sale in which the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that includes the f.o.b. value of the product at the point of origin plus all costs of insurance and transportation. This type of a transaction differs from a "Delivered" purchase, in that the buyer accepts the quantity as determined at the loading port (as certified by the Bill of Lading and Quality Report) rather than pay based on the quantity and quality ascertained at the unloading port. It is similar to the terms of an f.o.b. sale, except that the seller, as a service for which he is compensated, arranges for transportation and insurance.

Cooling Degree-Days. The number of degrees per day the daily average temperature is above 65 degrees F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature for a 24-hour period.

Crude Oil. A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Lease condensate and drips are included but topped crude oil (residual) and other unfinished oils are excluded.

Crude Oil Input. The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.

Degree-Day Normals. Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1961-1990). These may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

Distillate Fuel Oil. Includes No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils, and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels. These are light fuel oils used primarily for home heating, as a diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and for electric power generation. Distillate fuel oil is reported in the following sulfur categories: 0.05% sulfur and under and greater than 0.05% sulfur.

FOB (Free On Board). Pertains to a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available within an agreed on period at a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance. Distillate fuel oil is reported in the following sulfur categories: 0.05% sulfur and under and greater than 0.05% sulfur.

Gas Oil. European designation for No. 2 heating oil, and diesel fuel,

Gross Inputs. The crude oil, unfinished oils, and natural gas plant liquids put into atmospheric crude oil distillation units.

Heating Degree-Days. The number of degrees per day the daily average temperature is below 65 degrees F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature for a 24-hour period.

Imports. Unless otherwise specified in this report, refers to gross imports. Imports of minor products ("other oils") include aviation gasoline, kerosene, unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, plant condensate, petrochemical feedstocks, lube oils, waxes, special naphthas, coke, asphalt, and other miscellaneous oils.

Jet Fuel. Includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphtha-type jet fuel is a product in the heavy naphthas range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

Liquefied Refinery Gases (LRG). Liquefied petroleum gases fractionated from refinery or still gases. Through compression and/or refrigeration, they are retained in the liquid state. The reported categories are ethane/ethylene, propane/propylene, normal butane/butylene, and isobutane. Excludes still gas.

Motor Gasoline (Finished). Includes reformulated gasoline, oxygenated gasoline, and other finished gasoline in the gasoline range. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Production data represent reformulated, oxygenated, and other finished gasoline. Import data consists of the three types of finished motor gasoline and blending components. Total motor gasoline stocks consist of the three types of finished motor gasoline and blending components. Finished motor gasoline stocks are total motor gasoline stocks minus blending components. The stock change used in the calculation of motor gasoline product supplied is the change in finished motor gasoline stocks.

Operable Capacity. The maximum amount of input that can be processed by a crude oil distillation unit in a 24-hour period, making allowances for processing limitations due to types and grades of inputs, limitations of downstream facilities, scheduled and unscheduled downtimes, and environmental constraints. Includes any shutdown capacity that could be placed in operation within 90 days.

Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD). Five geographical areas into which the nation was divided by the Petroleum Administration for Defense for purposes of administration. These PADDs include the States listed below:

PADD I:

Padd IX: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

Padd IY: Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania.

Padd IZ: Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia.

PADD II: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, and Wisconsin.

PADD III: Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, and Texas.

PADD IV: Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Utah, and Wyoming.

PADD V: Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, Oregon, Washington.

Population-Weighted Degree-Days. Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions comprised of from three to eight States which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and these products are then summed to arrive at the national population weighted degree-day figure.

Processing Gain. The volumetric amount by which total output is greater than input for a given period of time. This difference is due to the processing of crude oil into products which, in total, have a lower specific gravity than the crude oil processed.

Products Supplied. A value calculated for specific products which is equal to domestic production plus net imports (imports less exports), less the net increase in primary stocks. Total products supplied is calculated as inputs to refineries, plus estimated refinery gains, plus other hydrocarbon input, plus product imports, less product exports, less the net increase in product stocks. Values shown for "Other Oils" product supplied are the difference between total product supplied and product supplied values for specified products. Other oils product supplied incorporates crude oil product supplied and reclassified product adjustment.

Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil. The average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC 1131. Imported crude oil is any crude oil which is not domestic oil. The composite is the weighted average price of domestic and imported crude oil. Prices do not include the price of crude oil for the SPR.

Refinery Capacity Utilization. Ratio of the total amount of crude oil, unfinished oils, and natural gas plant liquids run through crude oil distillation units to the operable capacity of these units. The ratio for an individual refinery may fluctuate depending on the type of crude and other raw materials processed, the types of products produced, and the operating conditions of the refinery.

Residual Fuel Oil. Includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils which are heavy oils used primarily for electric power generation, for industrial and commercial space heating, as a ship fuel, and for various industrial uses.

Retail Motor Gasoline Prices. Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in

conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers -- about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service).

Stock Change (Refined Products). Component of Product Supplied calculation shown on U.S. Petroleum Balance. The product stock change shown on the U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet for the current 4-week period is calculated in the following way: an average daily stock change is calculated for major refined products (i.e., all actual reported stocks); this stock change is added to an estimate for minor product stock change based on historical monthly data; a daily average stock change for refined product stocks for the 4-week period is then calculated. To calculate minor product stock change, the stock levels shown for other oils in the stock section of the balance sheet are used. These other oils stock levels are derived by: 1) computing an average daily rate of stock change for each month based on monthly data for the past 6 years; 2) using this daily rate and the minor stock levels from the most recent monthly publication to estimate the minor product stock level for the current period.

Stocks. For individual products in the WPSR, quantities held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals which have a capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, and in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but included in "Other Oils" estimates and "Total."

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil. A term which appears in U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet. It reconciles the difference between data (or estimates) about supply and data (or estimates) about disposition. Its value can be positive or negative since it is a balancing term. As it appears in the monthly publications, it reflects the accuracy of the reported data. Because the unaccounted-for crude oil figure reflects the accuracy of reported and estimated figures, one would expect the figure to be larger in balances using preliminary or estimated data and smaller in balances using final data. In fact, the published figures confirm this expectation. In the WPSR, 4-week averages for the previous year are interpolated from final monthly data, so that the unaccounted-for crude oil value for the previous year is considerably smaller than that for the current period.

Unfinished Oils. Includes all oils requiring further processing, except those requiring only mechanical blending.

United States. For the purpose of the report, the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data for the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and other U.S. territories are not included in the U.S. Totals.

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Heating fuel data, (April through September) updated the 2nd week of the month

Oxygenate data, updated approximately 15 working days after the end of the report month

Weekly Petroleum Status Report, updated on Wednesdays (Thursdays in the event of a holiday) at 5:00 p.m.

Petroleum Supply Monthly, updated on the 20th of the month

Petroleum Marketing Monthly, updated on the 20th of the month

Winter Fuels Report, propane inventory data updated Wednesdays at 5:00 p.m. All other data updated on Thursdays (Fridays in event

of a holiday) at 5:00 p.m. (October through March)

Natural Gas Monthly, updated on the 20th of the month

Weekly Coal Production, updated on Fridays at 5:00 p.m.

Quarterly Coal Report, updated 60 days after the end of the quarter

Electric Power Monthly, updated on the 1st of the month

Monthly Energy Review, updated the last week of the month

Short Term Energy Outlook, updated 60 days after the end of the quarter